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CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE QUARTERLY

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Number 2

Central  
Normal College  
and Commercial Institute

1915

DANVILLE, INDIANA

Hendricks County



A Standard Normal School



PUBLISHED BY THE

CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE

Entered as second-class matter, July 14, 1910, at the post office  
at Danville, Indiana, under the act of July 16, 1894

## FACTS TO NOTE IN SELECTING A SCHOOL

1. The Central Normal College is a "Standard Normal School," by order of the Indiana State Board of Education.

2. The Central Normal College sustains both beginning and advanced classes in almost every common school, high school, or college branch.

3. The Central Normal College admits the students to almost every department on the payment of one tuition.

4. The Central Normal College guarantees its students good board, commodious rooms and able instructors—at a minimum of expense.

5. The Central Normal College makes no discriminations in favor of wealth or position. It counts nothing for a student but merit; nothing against him but failure.

6. Our students come from good families and good homes. They are earnest and upright, industrious and self-supporting; they know the value of time and money.

7. Our students room in private families under the refining influence of home.

8. Our students can enter at any time, select their own studies, and count their credits on a course. They are not compelled to take over studies in which they are already proficient.

9. Our students all maintain pleasant relations with both faculty and citizens, as well as with one another. If one gets sick he is carefully provided for.

10. Our students come with a definite purpose, and work toward a definite end.

11. Danville, twenty miles west of Indianapolis, on the Big Four and T. H., I. & E. electric line, is easily accessible from all points.

12. Danville is supplied with water from flowing artesian wells. No danger of having typhoid fever here.

13. Danville is a place where parents can send their boys and girls and know they are safe.

14. Danville has six churches. The Masons, Odd Fellows, Modern Woodmen, Knights of Honor and Knights of Pythias all have strong, growing organizations. No town in the United States has a better moral and religious atmosphere.

15. Here the students get good athletic training, and are not allowed to "specialize" in athletics.

16. The Central Normal College has strong debating teams and any student may have an opportunity to become proficient in debating.

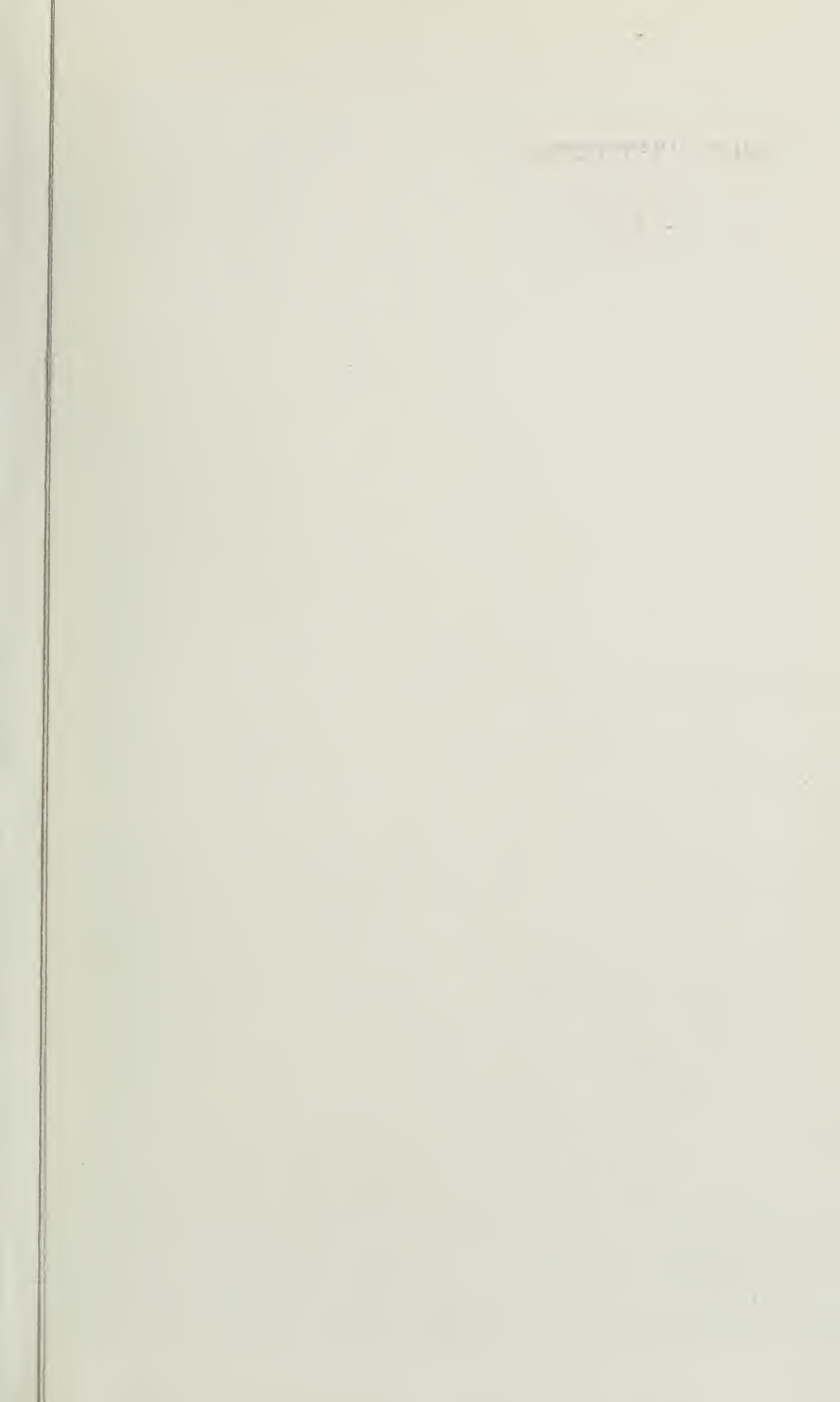
17. Our students get individual attention from the Faculty.

18. The Teachers' Training Course is recognized by school officials as being one of the strongest in the State of Indiana.

19. We assist our students in securing positions.

20. **Danville has no saloons.**

21. We have one of the best athletic fields in Indiana, within two blocks of the college.







SUMMER STUDENTS OF 1914 ON COLLEGE CAMPUS



# THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL CATALOGUE

## OF THE

# CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE

## AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE

## DANVILLE, INDIANA

1915

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### CALENDAR FOR 1915-1916

Fall Term opens September 14, 1915, to continue 12 weeks.  
 Second Term opens December 7, 1915, to continue 12 weeks.  
 Third Term opens February 29, 1916, to continue 12 weeks.  
 Spring Mid-Term Opening, April 11, 1916.  
 Fourth Term opens May 23, 1916, to continue 12 weeks.

### ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT, AUGUST 5 TO AUGUST 10, 1916

Reunion Faculty and Students, August 5.  
 Baccalaureate Sermon, August 6.  
 Recital of Department of Music, August 8.  
 Alumnaal Meeting, August 9.  
 General Commencement, August 10.

# FACULTY

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J. W. LAIRD, President

English, Economics and in Charge of College Course

Graduate Indiana State Normal, 1897. A. B. Indiana University, 1900. Graduate Student Harvard University, 1906-07. Superintendent Galveston (Indiana) High School, 1895-96. Professor of History and Methods, Marion Normal College, 1897-98, and 1900-06. Vice President Central Normal College, 1907-09. President, 1909—.

H. M. WHISLER, Vice President

Higher Mathematics, German and Grammar

Student in Indiana University, 1896 and 1897. High School Principal, 1898 to 1901. A. B. Central Normal College, 1903. Instructor in Central Normal College since 1903. Elected Vice President 1909.

C. A. HARGRAVE, Secretary and Treasurer

Civics, Zoology and Astronomy

B. S. Central Normal College, 1881. Superintendent of Public Schools of West Newton, Ind., 1881-1883. A. B. Central Normal College, 1883. Teacher of Higher Mathematics, Central Normal College, 1883-1889. Business Manager of the Central Normal College, 1885-1889. President of Central Normal College, 1889-1890. Teacher of Natural Science, Central Normal College, 1890-1900. Secretary and Treasurer of Central Normal College from 1900.

R. F. RATLIFF

Professor of Physics and Chemistry

A. B. Indiana University, 1900 (Chemistry as Major); A. M. 1903 (Physics as Major). Graduate student Indiana University, 1905-06. Teacher of Science, Fairmount Academy, 1890-99. Professor of Physical Science, Danville Normal College, from 1901. Instructor in Physics, Indiana University, 1905-06, on leave of absence from Central Normal College.

L. J. DRIVER

Head of Department of Education

Graduated Indiana State Normal School, 1896. A. B. Indiana University, 1903. A. M., 1910. Graduate student of Chicago University, 1912. Principal of Aurora High School, 1904-09. Superintendent Rising Sun Schools, 1909-11. Teacher Antioch College, Summer, 1911.

MRS. E. E. OLCOTT

(Spring and Summer Only)

English, Teachers' Training, Reading

Graduate of Jeffersonville (Indiana) High School. Student at Bay View (Michigan) University. Student at Chicago University School of Education. Primary Teacher in Jeffersonville City School. Instructor in Primary Methods, Reading and Literature, Central Normal College, since 1899.

J. B. THOMAS

Biology and Geography and in Charge of Academic Department

A. B. Central Normal College, 1903. Special student in Botany, Indiana State Normal, 1906. Principal of High School, Lander, Wyoming, 1903-04. Teacher in Township High Schools of Parke County, Indiana, 1904-07. Charge of Teachers' Course, Georgia Normal College, 1907-08. Teacher in Township High Schools, Parke County, 1908-11. Spring Assistant in Botany and Physiology in Central Normal College, 1909-11. Charge Academic Department, Central Normal College since 1911. A. B. Swarthmore College, 1914.

FAY O. HORN, Dean of Women

Latin

Graduated from the Indiana State Normal, 1904. Department Work, Marion City Schools, 1905-08. Principal of the Sweetser High School, 1908-10. A. B. Indiana University, 1911. Head of the Latin Department, Central Normal College, 1913—.

## WALTER D. SMITH

## Agriculture

Graduated Troy, Ohio, High School, 1906. Miami University, 1912, A. B. Degree. Student Lake Laboratory, Sandusky, Ohio. Superintendent Casstown, Ohio, Schools, 1912-15. Assistant in Botany and Zoology, Miami University, 1911-12. Summer Instructor, Central Normal College, 1915.

## MAUDE CAMPBELL

## Home Economics

B. S. Purdue University, 1912. Teacher in Public Schools of Frankfort, Indiana, 1903-09. Supervisor of Domestic Science in High School of Danville, Indiana, 1912-13.

## CAREY W. GASTON

## Mathematics

Student National Normal University, 1897. B. S. Central Normal College, 1899. LL. B. Central Normal College, 1899. Instructor in Mathematics in Central Normal College since 1900.

## G. E. LOCHMULLER

## (Summer Term Only)

## German and Physics

A. B. Central Normal College, 1911. Superintendent Cicero Public Schools, 1911-13. Principal Titpon High School, 1913. Teacher of German, Central Normal College, Summer School, 1910—.

## R. EARL SWINDLER

## (Summer Term Only)

## History

B. S. Central Normal College, 1906. A. B. Central Normal College, 1908. A. B. Indiana University, 1911 (History). A. M. Indiana University, 1912 (History and Political Science). Phi Delta Kappa, Indiana University, 1911-12. Principal Stillwell (Indiana) High School, 1908-09. Teaching Fellow in American History, Indiana University, 1911-12. Superintendent of Schools, Jamestown, Indiana, 1912-13. Central Normal College Summer School Instructor, 1913-15.

## W. R. HOUGH

## (Summer Term Only)

## Education and Algebra

A. B. Indiana State University, 1907. M. A. Chicago University, 1912. Principal New Corydon High School, 1903-04. Principal Bryant High School, 1906-07. Teacher of Mathematics in Frankfort High School, 1907-09. Supervising Principal at Frankfort, Indiana, 1909-12. Superintendent Oakland City Schools, 1912. Central Normal College Summer School Instructor, 1913.

## IRA W. CONNER

## (Summer Term Only)

## English and Mathematics

A. B. Central Normal College, 1909. Superintendent Amo Schools, 1910-12. Principal Stilesville Schools, 1913. Superintendent Colfax Schools, 1914. Teacher of Mathematics and American Literature, Central Normal College Summer Terms of 1912-13.

## SOLON A. ENLOE

## Law, and in Charge of Law Course

A. B. Central Normal College, 1886. Admitted to Bar in Illinois in November, 1886. Practiced in East St. Louis, 1886 to 1896. Member of Bar in Hendricks Circuit Court since 1886. Head of Law Department since 1903.

## EDGAR M. BLESSING

## Law

Graduated Indiana State Normal School, 1900. Michigan University, Bachelor of Laws Degree, 1904. Taught school two years, Plainfield, Indiana. Since 1904 he has been engaged in active practice of law at Danville, Indiana, having served two terms as prosecuting attorney. Assistant Central Normal College Law Department, Summer, 1915.

**H. M. TOWELL**

Bookkeeping, Penmanship and in Charge of Business Department

Commercial graduate of Central Normal College, 1906. Graduate in Higher Accounting, LaSalle Extension University, Chicago. Graduate in Drawing, Home School, Springfield, Mass. Student in Zanerian Pen Art School, Columbus, O. In charge of Business Department since 1910.

**MRS. H. M. TOWELL**

Drawing, Shorthand and Bookkeeping

Graduate of Thomas School of Music and Art, 1908. Teacher of Drawing in Public Schools, 1908-10. Music graduate of Central Normal College, 1911.

**FRED LUSCOMB**

Supervisor of Music

Sight Singing, Harmony, Band and Orchestra

Pupil of J. F. O. Smith, eminent theorist and teacher, Brooklyn, N. Y., seven years. Taught at Martinsburg, W. Va., twelve years; Wilson College (Pa.) six years. Head of Vocal Music Department, Central Normal College, since 1904.

**MRS. FRED LUSCOMB**

Piano, and Head of Piano Department

Pupil of F. E. Clark, Pianist, New England Conservatory of Music; Dr. Arnold W. Meyer, Pipe Organist, Washington, D. C. Head of Piano Department, Central Normal College, since 1910.

**IRIS DEAN GASTON**

Piano and Organ

Piano Graduate, Central Normal College, 1900. Graduate student under Professor Edward Ebert-Buchheim, 1900-01. Pipe Organist of the Christian Church since 1897. Instructor of Piano in Central Normal College since 1901.

**FYRNE HOLTZCLAW CONN**

Stenotypy and Typewriting

**EDITH PEYTON**

Training School, Primary

**MARY WILSON**

Training School, Fifth Grade

**NELLIE MILLIKIN**

Training School, Fourth Grade

**LOTTIE RELANDER**

Training School, Sixth Grade

**TRUSTEES OF THE COLLEGE**

O. E. GULLEY, President

G. T. PATTISON, Secretary

MORD CARTER

W. C. OSBORNE

W. T. LAWSON

C. A. HARGRAVE

J. D. HOGATE



# The CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE

## REORGANIZED UNDER A NEW INDIANA LAW

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Entering upon a new career, with this watchword: "The Greater C. N. C."

**PURPOSE OF THIS COLLEGE**—The time is almost gone when only a few are expected to be educated. Men and women in all lines of life to succeed must have good general intelligence, a large fund of information easily accessible and ability to think and to express their thoughts. These attainments are impossible without a course in college. And this in turn cannot be had in the more expensive institutions without the expenditure of a larger amount of time and money than most poor men can spare. The Central Normal College meets this emergency in three ways: First, by reducing expenses to a minimum; second, by lengthening the school year to forty-eight weeks; third, by excluding from the course all but essentials. With these facilities for education, any ambitious boy may be the proud possessor of an intellectual fortune, in comparison with which the miser's millions are insignificant. Every day the competition of the modern industry is crowding the ignorant closer to the wall, while the opportunities of educated men and women are multiplying and expanding beyond the possibilities of the schools to supply the demand. Many boys and girls who read this paragraph will long for an education, but feel that for them there is no way. This is our greeting: Hundreds of boys and girls with no better opportunities have found a way, and you can find one if you will.

**HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE**—The Central Normal College was organized in 1876, with forty-eight students in attendance. It had no endowment; received no appropriation from church or state. Its founder believed he had a mission, and began his work. Those who were attracted to this school were vastly benefited and became enthusiastic advocates of the "Independent Normal School." Students came from unexpected sources and the growth was rapid. New departments were added, from time to time, and the courses kept abreast of the most progressive educational ideals. The graduates now number several thousand.

**REORGANIZED**—In 1900 the owner of the institution desired to enter upon other business and a stock company of Danville citizens bought the college. Numerous improvements were then made and the succeeding years have brought a large number of students to Danville.

Early in 1910 the stockholders voted to turn over all the stock to a self-perpetuating Board of Trustees, and to accept all the provisions of a new Indiana statute, enacted expressly for such cases, this being the second college to take action under the law. Not a stockholder voted against the proposition. The institution is now on the same basis, as far as ownership is concerned, as Harvard, Yale, and Leland Stanford. Every cent of its income must be devoted to the needs of the college. There is no way by which any individual, unless an employee, can secure one cent. Patrons will know that all money paid to the college will come back to them in increased facilities.

We feel justified in saying that Central Normal College is entering upon a new era of increased usefulness to the educational public.

The college is controlled by a Board of Trustees. The members of the Board realize that time is more valuable than money. It is to save time that the students come to the Central Normal College. They can secure the instruction of practical, progressive teachers, liberty in selecting studies and short courses, which meet the demands of the time. There never was a time when short, yet thorough courses of study were more in demand.

## THE SPRING OPENING

It has always been the policy of the Central Normal to permit students to enter at any time, and as a rule they find work to suit them.

Teachers usually want to enter school as soon as they close their schools. To meet all demands, we have arranged a mid-term opening, April 11. Those desiring a review will find the classes organized in February very acceptable, and many will find these classes to meet their needs. But to accommodate those who may want to begin a subject, classes will be organized for a twelve weeks' term, April 11, 1916. This should accommodate all, as it gives a chance to begin a subject or to enter a class a little more advanced.

## EDUCATIONAL STANDING OF THE CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE

Every University of the country, to which our graduates have applied for advanced standing, has given liberal credit for our work.

Indiana State Normal accepts our work, week for week, for theirs, up to three years of their regular course.

All schools desire our students on account of their ability and willingness to work. We invite your careful examination of our regular courses. We save you both time and money.

## AN INDIANA STANDARD NORMAL SCHOOL

June 23, 1913.

President J. W. Laird, Danville, Ind.

Dear Mr. Laird:—I take pleasure in informing you that at a meeting of the State Board of Education, June 20, the accreditation of your school for classes A, B and C was continued on the recommendation of your inspector and on his recommendation, also, the Central Normal College was ranked as a standard normal school, the graduates of your standard normal course to be considered eligible to have the commissions of high schools in Indiana based on their scholarships.

Very truly yours,

CHAS. A. GREATHOUSE,

President Board of Education.

There are only four of these colleges in the state.

## DANVILLE; HOW TO REACH IT

Danville, the county seat of Hendricks county, is in every respect a model college town. There is not a more healthful locality anywhere. One may visit a hundred health resorts without finding water equal in medicinal qualities to the city water from the Danville overflowing wells. In summer, Danville's beautiful streets and luxurious shade trees present a picture to be proud of. Its morality, hospitality and intelligence make it peculiarly fitted for a college town. Parents who send their sons and daughters here may know that there is no place where they could be freer from temptations and distracting influences.

Danville is on the Big Four railroad, and the Terre Haute, Indianapolis & Eastern Electric Line, only twenty miles west of Indianapolis. The Big

Four goes almost everywhere. One can go to the nearest Big Four station and buy a ticket direct to Danville. Cars on the T. H., I. & E. leave Indianapolis almost every hour of the day and evening.

### TELEPHONE CONNECTION

The President can be reached in either office or residence over any long distance line.

## EXPENSE

### TUITION

One tuition of \$18 per term of twelve weeks paid in advance admits the student to any class in the general school. No school offers more for one tuition.

Tuition paid in advance for partial program is as follows:

- (1) For any one study (except Bookkeeping)  
per term of twelve weeks ----- \$7.00
- (2) For any two studies (except Bookkeeping)  
per term of twelve weeks ----- \$13.00

Tuition paid in advance is as follows:

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| For six weeks (not taken for shorter time)----- | \$10.00 |
| For twelve weeks -----                          | \$18.00 |
| For twenty-four weeks -----                     | \$35.00 |
| For thirty-six weeks -----                      | \$50.00 |
| For forty-eight weeks -----                     | \$60.00 |

### TUITION ON TRUSTEES' TRANSFER

The Indiana law pertaining to transfer of pupils for high school work allows the trustee to transfer to a college. We will accept transfers from trustees when the student pays \$3.00 per term in cash. Expenses are less in Danville, so that the student will save money by attending here. We will charge the trustee with \$4.00 per month.

For further particulars, see the article on High School Course.

### TUITION FOR PRIVATE INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC

1. One term of 24 half-hour lessons, 2 or more per week, from Mr. or Mrs. Luscomb, \$14.40.
2. One term of 24 half-hour lessons, 2 per week, from Mrs. Gaston, \$12.00.

### BOARD

We regret not being able to make as definite statements as heretofore concerning the cost of meals. Our general plan of taking our patrons into complete confidence leads us to discuss the subject in a general way.

From 1876 to 1912 we had boarding houses at \$1.50 per week. No one expected this ridiculously low rate to be maintained during the present period of rapidly increasing prices, of all products, which prevails throughout the world. The price was advanced to \$1.75 the spring of 1912, but that was not found sufficient to properly supply the table. Near the close of the summer term of 1913 there was another advance to \$1.85.

The price will not exceed \$2.50. Later in the year we expect a reduction. Should the price be as high as \$2.50, it will yet be nearly one dollar less than in most Indiana college towns.

We insure our patrons full value of every cent expending at the boarding houses, and pledge our continued efforts to keep the expense of the student at the lowest possible figure, consistent with desirable service.



Those desiring to do so may have choice of numerous private houses and restaurants at \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week.

The college does not conduct a boarding house, nor is it interested in one. It will not enter into competition with citizens as long as satisfactory service is given by them.

### ROOMS

The room rent is 50 to 75 cents a week for each student; two in a room. The rooms are such as are found in the dwellings of a county seat. Each one is furnished with a carpet, stove, coal bucket or wood box, bed, bedding, chairs, study table, washstand, bowl, pitcher, mirror, etc. In many cases, lamps and towels are furnished. Bring your toilet articles with you, such as comb, brush, towels, etc. A lamp can be bought for a few cents, if you have none that can be brought conveniently. Many rooms are now provided with electric lights, Danville having twenty-four-hour service. Gentlemen's rooms are cared for daily by the family. Lady students invariably prefer to care for their own rooms.

Some students desire rooms with furnace heat. The number of such rooms increases yearly. The price is \$1.00 to \$1.25 per week, including electric light.

Fuel is never more expensive here than in other college towns.

### RENT OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS FOR PRACTICE

(a) Pianos and Organs—The rent per term of 12 weeks is as follows:

(1) One hour per day, \$2.50.

(2) Two hours per day, \$4.00.

(3) Three or more hours per day, \$1.75 per hour.

Note—It is always better to practice on a college instrument, where you will not be disturbed, and where you will not feel that you are disturbing some one else.

(b) The rent per term of 12 weeks on any band instrument is \$1.00.

Note—Bring your horn with you. The college can not supply all applicants.

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### DEAN OF WOMEN

To care for the special needs of our large and increasing number of young women, we have found it advisable to employ a Dean of Women.

Parents who send their daughters to the Central Normal College may rest absolutely secure in the fact that the Dean will look after the comfort and welfare of each young woman.

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### RULES AND REGULATIONS

(Adopted by the Board of Trustees, July 6, 1903)

1. All tuition is payable in advance to the Secretary and Treasurer of the college.

2. Tuition is never refunded, but in case of sickness or an absence of two or more consecutive weeks, a due-bill will be given for the lost time. This can be used at any future time.

3. Due-bills are not transferable outside of the immediate family.

4. The President of the college and the faculty will give careful attention to the moral conduct of the students.

5. Students will be dismissed for neglect of duty and improper conduct.

6. Students will be dismissed at the discretion of the President of the college.

7. In order that the college records may be complete, and proper reports made to parents, guardians and school officials, it is necessary that



BUILDINGS OF CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE—NEW SCIENCE BUILDING NOT SHOWN.



TRUSTEES OF CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE.

C. A. HARGRAVE; DR. W. T. LAWSON; O. E. GULLEY, Pres.; W. C. OSBORNE; GEO. T. PATTISON, Sec'y.;  
MORD CARTER; J. D. HOGATE.



the college have full control of the student's time and associations, hence non-resident students will not be permitted to engage, without the consent of the President, in any course of instruction, study, or business enterprise, outside of the school.

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## COLORED STUDENTS

From the first it has been, and now is, the custom of the college not to admit colored students.

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## OUR GRADUATES

Our graduates are our pride, and their work and their influence are our only endowment. We pride ourselves upon being a self-supporting institution, and attribute chiefly to this fact our success in instilling into our students those qualities necessary to make them independent. The young man or woman educated in a self-supporting institution will himself be self-supporting. That school is the best school that gives young men and women the ability to wrest success from this hard old world. If a majority of the graduates of an institution are successful in all honorable dealings, then that institution needs no further evidence of its merit. This is the standard according to which we wish to be judged. Our graduates number more than three thousand. They are found in every state in the Union, and in almost every country in the world. Nine out of ten are leaders in any work that requires vim, energy and ability. It has become almost proverbial that a C. N. C. graduate can do creditably whatever he undertakes.

Our diplomas are just as valuable and as eagerly sought for as those conferred by other institutions at a much greater cost to the student of time and money. By continuing in session almost the entire year, we enable a student that finds it necessary to economize to complete his course at a great saving of both time and money and not at the expense of thoroughness. You will find our graduates as college president, city superintendent, high school principal; as lawyer, doctor, preacher; as honored and influential members of both state and national legislatures; as leaders in banking and business; in fact, in all honorable vocations our graduates will be found side by side with those of heavily endowed sectarian and state institutions. We are distinctly the school for the masses. Our peculiar field of labor is with the poor, hard-working boy or girl who desires a college education at a minimum expenditure of time and money. As a rule, our graduates go from us hard-working moral men and women, able and anxious to influence the world for higher and better life. This, our excuse for being, is the explanation of our success.

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## GRADES, CREDITS AND DEGREES

Grades based on class recitations, examinations, notebooks, and attendance at class are given each term or fraction of a term, but no credit is given for less than twelve weeks' attendance. A grade of at least seventy-five must be made before any credit will be given.

A credit is interpreted to mean one term's satisfactory work of daily recitations in any one subject for twelve weeks.

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## DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES

Certificates and diplomas are granted as follows:  
Teachers' Certificates of Classes A, B and C.  
Commercial Graduates, Diploma.

Music Graduates, Diploma.  
High School Graduates, Diploma.  
Standard Normal School, Diploma.

The following degrees are conferred:

Upon graduates of the Liberal Arts Course, degree of A. B.  
Upon graduates of the Law Course, degree of LL. B.

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## **LIBRARY**

The College Library is open all day, and every student is welcome. Here is a well-selected lot of books, intended not to make a show, but to be a working library. Both the books and the services of the Librarian are for the use of the student. Here the student soon learns to use a library—an essential part of every education.

In addition to our books we have access to the Indiana State Library, in all research work. When themes are assigned to members of a class the President of the college asks the State Librarian to send suitable books. These are forwarded promptly, and the college pays the transportation charges. There is no expense to the student. In this way our students have unusual library facilities. Being nearer to Indianapolis than any other college, we can better use the state's magnificent collection of books.

Prospective students need not fear the library facilities are inadequate.

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## **THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY**

Mr. Andrew Carnegie presented a new library to Danville. This library is within three blocks of the college and is free to students. The College Library is and always has been as free to citizens as to students. Now, with these three great collections of books, our facilities for investigation are excellent.

This library is open on evenings. The student finds there many periodicals not provided in the College Library.

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## **POSITIONS**

We never guarantee positions. The student should beware of a school that does; and a school may well beware of a student that can be induced to attend only by a promise of a position. We do a much better thing for you. If you have ordinary ability and are willing to apply your time and talents, the advantage we offer you will soon enable you to demand a position. We can assist you in becoming able to fill a position; then it will certainly seek you. While we make no promises, we are glad that our well known educational standing causes superintendents and schools and business houses frequently to apply to us for teachers and bookkeepers, bank clerks and stenographers. While our graduates sometimes fail to get the positions they prefer, much more frequently it happens that we are unable to supply the young men and women whom we are asked for. The less preparation you have made the greater will be the number of applicants for the position you can fill, and the better you are prepared the greater will be the number of positions seeking your services. The Remington and Smith-Premier Typewriter Companies place our graduates in stenography without charge. This is a great advantage.

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## **PREPARATION FOR A POSITION NEXT YEAR**

We are all the time advising our graduates to prepare for good positions, but every year we have calls for teachers and stenographers that we can not fill.

One hundred country teachers should not accept schools now but attend C. N. C. They will then be in line for higher places next year. This preparation must be made in advance. Do not be timid. Make an investment in yourself. It will be the best possible thing to do, if viewed from a financial standpoint only. It would be the proper thing to do if there were to be no financial returns.

A common school teacher who fails to secure a position for next winter will find that a blessing in disguise, if he will come to C. N. C. and spend the year in preparation for higher work.

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## CARE OF THE SICK

Our entire experience shows that Danville is an exceptionally healthful place. The average annual death rate of Indiana is nearly 17 for each 1,000 persons. For Danville it is only 7 or 8 for each 1,000. There can not be found in the United States a health resort freer from the elements of disease. Students are seldom sick. Care is always given to those who need it, and parents are kept informed as to the condition of student's health.

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## GENERAL EXERCISES

At 8:30 every morning we hold our General Exercises, which all students are welcome to attend. Though the attendance at these General Exercises is altogether voluntary, it is remarkably good. The best students are seen here regularly and many of them attribute their success chiefly to the inspiration and enthusiasm caught at these exercises. These exercises include the devotional part, led by some member of the faculty or a minister of one of the various churches, music by the entire school, brief addresses, literary and scientific reports and experiments.

General exercises should be placed first on the program of every student.

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## APPARATUS

Additions are made to our supply of apparatus each year. The equipment includes all the apparatus of the average well-equipped laboratory as well as much of a higher and more complicated character.

For equipment in Physics and Chemistry see Article on that department.

A modern Bausch & Lomb Bolopecticon, with microscope attachment, is in use for projection work.

For Geology and allied subjects, there are several cases of minerals, (all the important species) and fossils.

For Zoology there is a collection of all the important type specimens. No Indiana college has more species of mollusca. These shells were presented by Dr. G. Dallas Lind.

The classes in Geography and History are well supplied with maps, globes and charts.

In Physiology we have a very fine articulated skeleton, a disarticulated skeleton, two expensive manikins, models, charts, alcoholic specimens, etc.

Microscopes are essential in all branches of scientific research. They are constantly in use here. Fresh specimens are prepared daily, while the teachers have a collection of 500 prepared specimens from which to select.

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## TEXT BOOKS

In no case do we confine a student to a single text. In most classes, it is necessary that all the members be provided with the same text, but the students are always encouraged to consult as many books as they can in



preparing the lessons. You can hardly possess a book that will not be of use to you here.

All books and school supplies can be obtained at the College Book Store, where the lowest prices are maintained. By special arrangement this store will rent the following books: Arithmetic, U. S. History, Reader, Rhetoric, Algebra.

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### **Y. M. C. A.**

The Y. M. C. A. is a very strong organization in the Central Normal College. The majority of our young men belong to it and attend regularly. The religious spirit of the institution is exceedingly strong. Nearly all members of the faculty do active church work and special efforts are made at all times to interest and instruct the students in moral and religious subjects.

The Y. M. C. A. holds its meetings each Sunday evening. These meetings are addressed by students, members of the faculty and ministers of the city.

The Bible class maintained by this organization is very popular.

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### **Y. W. C. A.**

The Y. W. C. A. has a splendid hall well furnished and supplied with a piano. The members meet every Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. A large per cent of the young women of the college belong to this organization.

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### **THE R. AND S. SOCIETY**

This is a literary society, incorporated under the laws of the State of Indiana. Its members are graduates of the higher courses of the Central Normal College. Its purpose is intellectual development, social and ethical culture.

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### **WORDS OF PRAISE**

The following extracts are taken from letters recently received from County Superintendents of Indiana. We are not authorized to insert their names:

"The C. N. C. maintains a high standard of work and occupies a prominent place in the educational system of the state."

"While the expense of education there has always been a minimum, the quality of the work has always been kept at a high standard."

"The Central Normal College maintains a strictly high standard of morality. The faculty is capable and the instruction is satisfactory. The course is broad enough to meet the popular demand for a liberal education."

"The Central Normal College has done, and is doing a great work; I have known it from the beginning. Many of the strongest and foremost teachers in Indiana received their first college instruction and inspiration there."

"It is the school for worthy young men and women of our state who want to get an education without spending a large sum of money. It is the place where merit, not clothes and society, counts."

## ATHLETIC FIELD

### SPLENDID PARK PURCHASED AND IMPROVED BY DANVILLE CORPORATION

For several years it has been necessary to rent an athletic field, and a good one has rarely been available. We now have the free use of one that would be difficult to improve upon.

The town board of Danville bought twenty acres of land, just east of the college, in the creek valley, between the Rockville road and the trolley line. This is now a public park and playground.

The board has undertaken extensive improvements. Driveways and walks are being constructed in accordance with a plan made by a landscape artist from Cincinnati.

What concerns the college most is the laying out of a superb baseball diamond, and the construction of a beautiful and commodious grandstand. There also are two shelter houses for the competing teams. Toilet and dressing rooms have been provided in the grandstand. The town water is available at four drinking places. There is no better ball park in the state.

There is ample ground for practice diamonds, football field, tennis court, croquet grounds, etc.

It is the intention to make this park as free to students as to citizens. There is plenty of room for all. It is as valuable to the college as private grounds.

Few colleges are provided with so perfect a playground, so conveniently located. One entrance is within two blocks of the buildings. There is no need for students to stay away from the Central Normal College on account of athletics.

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# COURSES OF STUDY

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## PREPARATORY COURSE

A strong graduate of the common school can complete this course in two terms. See below:

### FIRST TERM—TWELVE WEEKS

| Studies    | Drills     |
|------------|------------|
| Arithmetic | Penmanship |
| Geography  |            |
| Grammar    |            |

### SECOND TERM—TWELVE WEEKS

|            |            |
|------------|------------|
| Arithmetic | Penmanship |
| Grammar    |            |
| Geography  |            |

### THIRD TERM—TWELVE WEEKS

|               |         |
|---------------|---------|
| Arithmetic    | Reading |
| Grammar       |         |
| U. S. History |         |
| Physiology    |         |

### FOURTH TERM—TWELVE WEEKS

|               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| Physiology    | Vocal Music |
| U. S. History | Debating    |
| Civics        |             |
| Drawing       |             |

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## HIGH SCHOOL COURSE

(See Page 33)

Since we have four terms each year, this course can be completed in less than three calendar years.

### FIRST YEAR

|                 |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Alg. 1          | Alg. 2          | Alg. 3          |
| Gram. 1         | Gram. 2         | Rhet. 1         |
| U. S. Hist. 1   | U. S. Hist. 2   | Ancient Hist.   |
| Latin or German | Latin or German | Latin or German |

### SECOND YEAR

|                 |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Alg. 4          | Geom. 1         | Geom. 2         |
| Rhet. 2         | Rhet. 3         | A. Lit.         |
| Mediaeval Hist. | Physics 1       | Physics 2       |
| Latin or German | Latin or German | Latin or German |

### THIRD YEAR

|           |                 |                   |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Drawing   | Com. Arith.     | English           |
| Geom. 3   | Reading         | Botany 2 or Chem. |
| E. Lit.   | Botany or Chem. | Physiology        |
| Physics 3 | Drawing         | Bookkeeping       |



**FOURTH YEAR**

Botany 3 or Chem.  
Civics  
Music  
Physical Geography

Drawing  
Bookkeeping  
Elective  
Elective

Note—One may secure a commissioned diploma when he has completed a minimum of thirty-two months of work and made forty-two credits. A credit is given for one term of twelve weeks of five recitation periods each, the length of the periods being fifty minutes. Four credits may be made each term. Vocal Music and Drawing are required to the extent of seventy-two lessons in each of the subjects.

Statement of credits required in each subject for diploma:

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| English .....                                | 9 credits |
| Foreign Language .....                       | 6 credits |
| Science (three in each of two sciences)..... | 6 credits |
| Mathematics .....                            | 8 credits |
| European History .....                       | 3 credits |
| U. S. History .....                          | 2 credits |
| Additional credits from subjects named.....  | 8 credits |

Credits made in good high schools are accepted.

This course will be changed, from time to time, to fully meet all requirements of the State Board of Education. See page 36.

### **VOCATIONAL AND COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS IN HIGH SCHOOL COURSE**

The best high schools now provide work in these subjects. A student may elect to carry one or two as a part of the course. The subjects from which to select are Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Domestic Science, Agriculture and Manual Training.

**LAW COURSE****FRESHMAN YEAR**

First Term—Blackstone, Rhetoric, General History 1, Physics.

Second Term—Contracts, Rhetoric 2, General History 2, Physics.

Third Term—Torts, American Literature, Plane Geometry, Latin, English History.

Fourth Term—Pleading, Solid Geometry, Latin, English Literature, Case Work two hours per week during year, and Moot Court, Debating.

**JUNIOR YEAR**

First Term—Evidence, Advanced Rhetoric and Composition, Caesar, History.

Second Term—Agency, Bills and Notes, Modern History, Caesar.

Third Term—Real Property, Equity, Cicero, English.

Fourth Term—Pleading, English, English History, Case Work two hours per week during year, and Moot Court, Debating.

**SENIOR YEAR**

First Term—Corporations, Criminal Law, Cicero, Economics.

Second Term—Bailments and Carriers, Sales, Electives, one or two; Economics.

Third Term—Domestic Relations, Partnership, Electives, one or two; Economics.

Fourth Term—Constitutional Law, International Law, History of Commercial Law, Economics, Case Work two hours per week during the year, Moot Court, Debating.

**Special:**—A class in Blackstone will be started at middle of third term each year to accommodate beginning students.

# Four Years College Course for High School Graduates.

## DEPARTMENT OF LIBERAL ARTS

Four subjects per term are allowed to be carried. A total of forty-eight credits (a credit—twelve weeks' work of daily recitations in any subject) is required for graduation. Twenty-nine of the forty-eight credits are required, the remainder are elective. The following are required:

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Foreign Language .....  | 6 credits  |
| Mathematics .....   | 3 credits  |
| Physics or Chemistry.....   | 4 credits  |
| Botany, Zoology, Domestic Science, Agriculture or Manual Training ..... | 3 credits  |
| History and Government.....   | 5 credits  |
| English .....   | 4 credits  |
| Philosophy and Education.....   | 4 credits  |
| Total .....   | 29 credits |

The remaining nineteen credits may be chosen from the other departments as set forth under department statements.

## COLLEGE COURSE

### FALL TERM

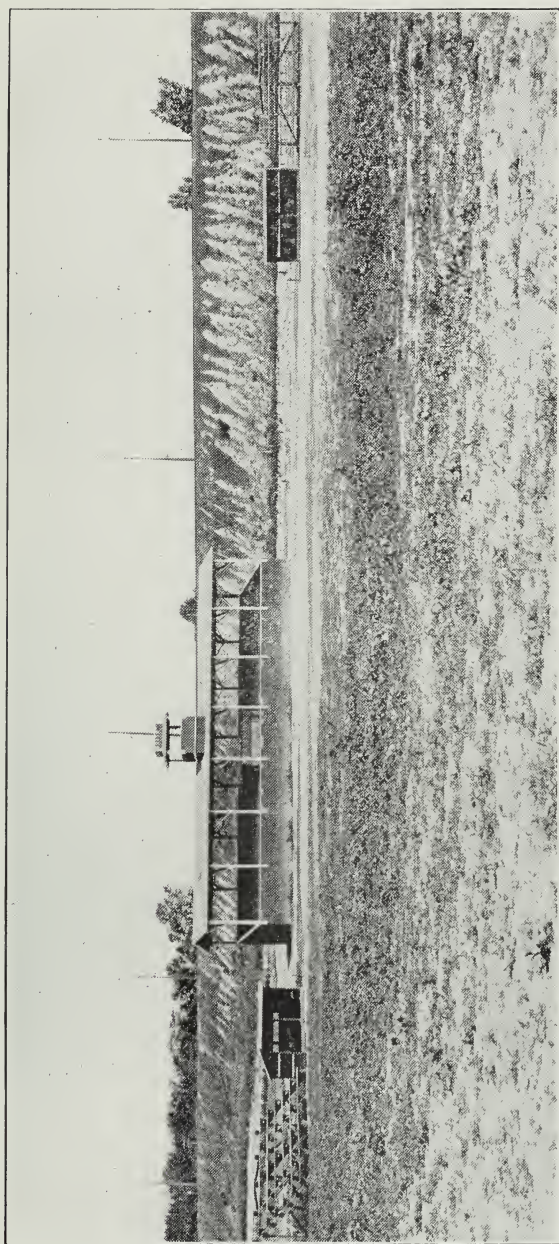
| Freshman-Sophomore | Sophomore-Junior | Senior           |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| English            | Chemistry 1      | Latin            |
| Trigonometry       | English          | Commercial Law   |
| Bookkeeping        | Home Economics   | Methods          |
| Psychology 1       | Latin            | English History  |
| Home Economics     | Agriculture      | Physics or Chem. |
| Physics or Chem.   | German           |                  |
|                    | Economics        |                  |

### WINTER TERM

|                  |                |                   |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Analytics        | Chemistry 2    | English           |
| English          | Latin          | Latin             |
| Bookkeeping      | Agriculture    | German            |
| Physiology       | German         | Chemistry 6       |
| Psychology 2     | Economics      | English History 2 |
| Home Economics   | English        | American History  |
| Physics or Chem. | Home Economics | Physics 5         |


### SPRING TERM

|                  |                |                        |
|------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| English          | English        | History of Education I |
| Bookkeeping      | Agriculture    | Latin                  |
| Methods          | Latin          | Modern European Hist.  |
| Agriculture      | German         | German                 |
| Home Economics   | Home Economics | American History 2     |
| Analytics 2      | Bookkeeping    | High School Problems   |
| Physics or Chem. | Chemistry 3    |                        |
|                  | Economics      |                        |



CORNER OF ATHLETIC FIELD





516

Waird

Thomas

Whisler

W. H. Howell

Lives

*W. Gaston*

*L. Carpare*

Handwritten signature: *James M. Smith*

Red Second

Edith

ELEGANT CARD WRITING BY PROF. H. M. TOWELL

**SUMMER TERM**

|                  |                 |                        |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Botany 2         | Chemistry 4     | History of Education 2 |
| English          | English         | Psychology             |
| Banking          | Latin           | Zoology                |
| Methods          | German          | Physics 6              |
| Agriculture      | Economics       | American History 3     |
| Home Economics   | Agriculture     | Astronomy              |
| Physics or Chem. | College Algebra | German                 |
|                  | Home Economics  |                        |

N. B.—Of the above subjects the student carries four each term.

**DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH**

J. W. LAIRD, Head of Department

H. M. WHISLER, Assistant

MRS. E. E. OLCOTT, Assistant

J. B. THOMAS, Assistant

**HIGH SCHOOL COURSE**

1. Grammar—Parts of Speech. A careful study of the classification and properties of words, with special emphasis upon inflection, case construction, and the use of irregular verbs; also a discussion in infinitives and participles.

2. Grammar—The classification of sentences as to form and use; words, phrases and clauses as used in the formation of sentences, with special attention to position of elements and to the choice of connectives.

3. Study of the composition as a whole; grammatical errors and their correction; rules of punctuation and drill in their use; letter writing as to form and as to expression.

4. Study of sentences with special emphasis upon the rhetorical forms; diction; forms of discourse. One day each week is devoted to oral composition.

5. A study of the principles of Rhetoric as they are presented in such text books as "Baldwin's College Manual of Rhetoric" or "Linn's Essentials of English Composition." Much emphasis is placed upon the writing of short stories and many of them are read in class and criticised by the teacher and the students. The course is given during the fall term and the prerequisite is courses 1 and 2.

6. American Literature. This is a general course in the study of American Literature. The general periods of American Literature are taken up and emphasis is placed upon the political and social effects upon the literary productions of a people. Some time is given to biographies, and selections of each leading author are studied.

Five-hour course offered three terms in the year.

7. English Literature. This course deals with English Literature after the same manner that Course 6 deals with American Literature.

Five-hour course offered three terms in the year.

8. English Prose. A course to give the student a view of some of the masterpieces of English prose.

Five-hour course offered one term in the year.

9. English Poetry. A careful study is made of some of the leading poems selected to represent the general course of English Poetry.

Five-hour course offered the Summer Term.

**COLLEGE COURSE**

10. Shakespeare.

11. Rhetoric.

12. The English Novel. The purpose of this course is to create a desire for good reading. Some of the most attractive phases of several leading English novels are studied.

13. History of English Literature. In this course a critical study is made of Historic conditions in each period. The relation existing between the man and his age and the effect of the spirit of an age upon its writings are noted here.

14. American Prose—Irrving, Emerson and Holmes.

15. American Poetry. This course follows the same plan as Course 9.

16. Tennyson and Browning.

17. Composition. Short story writing.

18. Reports on Reading. Each student will be required to give a written report or review of a novel.

19. Chaucer.

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## DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

### HIGH SCHOOL HISTORY

The State Board of Education requires five courses in History for the High School Course. We are offering the following: Ancient History, Mediaeval and Modern History, American History up to 1789, American History from 1789, Civics.

### COURSE IN COLLEGE HISTORY

#### American History and Government

1. American Colonial History.
2. The Revolution and the new Government.
3. Constitutional and Political History of the United States, 1815-1865.
4. The United States since the Civil War.
5. Social and Economic History of the United States.

#### English History and Government

6. English History and Government up to 1660.
7. English History and Government since 1660.

#### Modern European History

8. The Renaissance and the Reformation.
9. Revolutionary Europe.
10. Europe since the Congress of Vienna.
11. Economic History of Europe.

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## DEPARTMENT OF LATIN

MISS FAY O. HORN, Head of Department

The study of the Latin language affords the basis for a cleaner, more accurate understanding of English. In fact it is the very foundation of English. While the study of Latin literature increases the appreciation of later literature by enriching the field of allusions and by picturing the simplest modes of life.

Eighteen courses are offered in Latin, the first six of which are designed to satisfy the high school requirements and may be counted for full credit in the Academic Course. All other courses are College grade and credits from them may be counted towards graduation from the Liberal Arts Course.

Courses I and II. The elements of Latin with daily English and Latin exercises are studied. Attention is given to the Latin forms and constructions. In addition to this, some time is devoted to English derivatives.

Courses III and IV. Caesar—This course consists of the translation of four books along with exercises in Grammar.

Courses V and VI. Cicero—In this, six orations are read, the four against Catiline, the defense of Archias and the Manilian law. Attention



is given to grammar and construction work. This course is especially beneficial to those interested in debating or other public speaking.

Course VII. Prose Composition based upon Caesar and Cicero.

Courses VIII and IX. Vergil's Aeneid—Here one has oral and written translation along with scansion and metrical reading. This course is of special interest on account of the story itself and likewise on account of its great literary value.

Course X. Livy—In this course is studied Rome's greatest historian of the Augustan Age. The work is based upon Book XXI.

Course XI. Livy and Composition—Book XXII is used for rapid reading two days in the week; continuous prose composition based upon Vergil and Livy three days per week.

Course XII. Horace—Odes three days per week. Selections from Cicero for rapid reading two days.

Course XIII. Horace—Satires. Two days. History, Geography and Topography of the city of Rome and the Forum, three days.

Course XIV. Terence—The history and metrical discussion of the Latin drama along with the reading of one or two plays.

Course XV. Plautus and Terence—Three plays are read.

Course XVI. Pliny's Letters—Two days per week. Tacitus, three days.

Course XVII. Selections from Ovid and Juvenal—Four days per week. Sallust for rapid reading, one day.

Course XVIII. Latin Literature during the early, middle and later periods.

Teacher's Course. This course is designed to meet the needs of those now teaching or desiring to teach Latin. The work consists of sight reading in Caesar and Cicero, of Latin Composition based upon the same and observation and practice in the Danville High School. This affords one an opportunity not only of seeing others at work, but also of applying the points gained.

Latin is an easy subject for preparation by teachers, for this reason: One has only half as much preparation as for a modern language. In a modern language the teacher must be able both to read and speak the language. This is an immense task. The average student has spoken English all his life, has studied it eight years in the grades, four in high school and still further in college. More than this he has devoted practically all his time to English, for the whole program, the WHOLE program every hour in the day, with the slight exception of the time spent upon a foreign language, is employed in English. Yet what person among you can say that he really speaks, writes or pronounces English correctly? Then how much less is it true that with a few terms' work, ONE hour per day, five hours per week, one may become a TEACHER of FOREIGN language.

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## GERMAN DEPARTMENT

H. M. WHISLER, Head of Department

G. E. LOCHMUELLER, Assistant

The aim of the work in German is to give students a practical knowledge of the language and to make them familiar with German literature and with the customs of the German people. Selections and authors are studied in their relation to the literature as a whole. The various periods are discussed with reference to their chief characteristics and typical authors. From the beginning, the student is encouraged to use the language as much as possible. Written work, based partly on the selection being read and partly on general subjects, is done in all courses.

1. Beginning Grammar with easy translation and conversation. The direct method is used and the student uses the language, as far as practicable, from the beginning. Five-hour course.

2. and 3. A continuation of the above work, with easy composition. Five-hour course.

4, 5, 6 and 7. Short stories selected from standard authors are read.

The grammar is reviewed and systematic work in composition is done. As in the beginning courses, the direct method is used. Five-hour course.

8. Schiller—Die Jungfrau von Orleans. In this and the following courses, selections are studied from the literary as well as from the linguistic standpoint. Composition work is based largely on the selections read. Five-hour course.

9. Schiller—Wilhelm Tell. As above. Five-hour course.

10. Schiller—Wallenstein. As above. Five-hour course.

11. Freitag—Soll und Haben and other selections. Five-hour course.

12. Lessing—Minna Von Barnhelm with collateral reading. Five-hour course.

13. Lessing—Nathan der Weise, with collateral reading. Five-hour course.

14. Goethe—Herman und Dorothea and selections from Goethe's shorter poems. Five-hour course.

15. Goethe—Torquato Tasso, with collateral reading. Five-hour course.

16. Goethe—Faust. Five-hour course.

17. Selections from recent German authors. Five-hour course.

18a. Advanced German Grammar. Three hours per week.

18b. A Study of early German Literature. Two hours per week.

19. A Study of Modern German Literature. Five-hour course.

20. Lyrics and Ballads of Modern Authors.

### THE GERMAN CLUB

A German Club is conducted by the students of German and by others interested in the subject. The proceedings are carried on in the German language and consist of conversation, literary exercises and songs. Part of the time is spent in a social way. The German teachers take a direct interest in this club and act as critics. The club is a permanent organization and students can make it an interesting as well as an instructive factor in their school life. As the direct method of teaching German now is in use in this school, even beginning students can join the club and understand most of the proceedings.

### MATHEMATICS

The courses in Mathematics are arranged to suit the needs of those who wish to be teachers of the subject, and for those who want the culture and the discipline.

Courses 1 and 2 are for teachers; courses 3 to 10 inclusive are for high school work and the student is expected to master them thoroughly enough to teach them in high schools.

1. Teachers' Course in Arithmetic. Numeration, notation, the fundamental principles, fractions, weights and measures, ratio and proportion, involution and evolution. Arithmetical principles and methods of instruction are emphasized. Fall and Summer Terms.

2. Teachers' Course in Arithmetic. Percentage and its applications, mensuration and many practical problems which may occur in the daily routine of life. Some attention is given to methods of instruction, but special stress is placed upon principles. Spring and Summer Terms.

Note—In case that a sufficient number want it, the course will be given during the Fall Term.

3. Commercial Arithmetic. Advanced work, emphasizing the solution of problems from business life. This course is for commercial students, high school students and Classes A and B students who elect a high school subject. Winter Term.

4. Algebra. Fundamental processes, factoring, fractions. Fall Term.

5. Algebra. Fractions, equations of the first degree. Winter Term.

6. Algebra. Simultaneous equations, quadratics. Spring Term.

7. Ratio and proportion, variables, series and logarithms. Summer Term.

Note—If a sufficient number ask for it, a class in each one of the courses will be organized each term.

8. Plane Geometry. Definitions, methods of construction, and other work. Fall Term.

9. Plane Geometry. Continuation of Course 8. Winter Term.

10. Solid and Spherical Geometry. Spring Term.

Note—If a sufficient number ask for them, classes to complete Plane Geometry in one term will be organized during the Spring and Summer Terms.

11. Trigonometry. Functions of angles, derivation of formulae, and the solutions of plane and spherical triangles. Five days per week. Fall Term.

12. College Algebra I. The usual topics with emphasis placed upon factoring, fundamental laws of number, linear equations and quadratics. Five days per week.

13. College Algebra II. High equations involving surds, inequalities, variation, fractional and negative exponents, The Binominal Theorem, and logarithms. Five days a week.

14. Analytic Geometry I. Systems of coordinates, derivation of formulae, the straight line and its equations, the circle. Five days per week.

15. Analytic Geometry II. Equations and constructions of the parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, equations of the second degree and transformation of equations. Five days per week.

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## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY

R. F. RATLIFF, Professor

LOUIS C. WINTERNEIMER, Assistant

Laboratory Assistants:

HUSTON WOODS, Physics

CLAUDE NEEDHAM, Chemistry

WILLIAM FUSON, Physics

ORTHA HALL, Physics

### PHYSICS

The courses in Physics are arranged to meet the needs of the following classes of students:

(1) Teachers who wish to be prepared to take charge skillfully of a good laboratory in a commissioned or other high school. The call for teachers who can do this satisfactorily is becoming more imperative each year, and the supplying of this need may be considered a primary purpose of this department. Many of our graduates are now filling such positions.

(2) Students who are preparing for Courses in Medicine, or in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.

(3) Students who take Physics as a part of a general modern education. Courses 1 to 3 inclusive are arranged particularly for this general purpose and are intended also to serve as the foundation for the other more advanced and somewhat more specialized courses.

### Equipment

The equipment includes sufficient apparatus for performing all the standard experiments of all the recent published lists for secondary schools and most of those usually performed in a three or four-year College Course.

It includes four Sartorius balances, a Joly photometer, spectrometers, three Leeds and Northrup boxbridges, one L and N decade box, five L and N galvanometers, one L and N O Oswald potentiometer, a chloride accumulator storage battery, wireless telegraphy apparatus, X-ray apparatus, twelve Weston and American ammeters and voltmeters, induction motor, one-half kilowatt generator, one-fourth horse power commercial motor, etc.



Additions are made to our supply of apparatus each year. The equipment includes all the simple apparatus of the average well-equipped high school laboratory as well as much of a higher and more complicated character.

We are furnishing a great many teachers to take charge of the laboratories of commissioned and other high schools, and the special advantages we offer consist in part of the two following items: (1) The prospective high school teacher is here given abundant practice in the assembling and use of such apparatus as he is likely to have to use in his teaching as well as in the making of such pieces as can be made to advantage in the ordinary shop. (2) He is also taught the manipulation of much that is more delicate and of a higher grade and so gains the more comprehensive view needed by the teacher.

### Courses in Physics

(1) Academic Physics. Fundamental units and laws. Force and Motion. Composition and Resolution of Forces. Gravitation. Newton's Laws. Pressure of Liquids and Gases. Barometric Phenomena. Dewpoint. Molecular forces. Thermometry work. Laws of machines. Courses (1), (2) and (3) have lectures and quizzes five days per week, laboratory work two days.

(1a) A course in Physics using a text-book written especially for Domestic Science students. The subject of heat, including ventilation, elementary electricity, light, electric lighting and house illumination are emphasized.

The experimental work, especially in electricity, is more largely qualitative than in the other courses. Recitation and lectures three days per week, laboratory two days.

(2) Work and heat energy. Mechanical equivalent. Specific heat. Heat of fusion and vaporization. Steam engines. Elementary phenomena of magnetism and electricity. Potential. Capacity. Ohm's law. Electrical units.

(3) Box bridge. Induction. Dynamo. Motor. Efficiency. Storage battery. Thermoelectricity. Sound. Light. Measurement of wave length of light.

Courses 4 and 5 are lecture and laboratory courses, designed to give considerable practice in the assembling, adjustment and manipulation of apparatus. They are designed to be of benefit to all, but particularly valuable to those expecting to teach the subject, or to enter medical college, or who are looking toward mechanical pursuits.

(4) Mechanics and Sound.

Laws of equilibrium. Centripetal force. Coefficient of friction. Efficiency of machines. Velocity of sound in solids. Kundts method. Two specific heats of a gas.

The manuals used are Ames and Bliss, and Millikan's Molecular Physics, Dynamics and Heat.

Three recitations per week. Laboratory two days.

(5) Electricity and Light.

Sensibility of galvanometers. Potentiometer. Resistance of batteries. E. M. F. and D. P. Electro chemical equivalents. Electro calorimetry. Efficiency of motors. Efficiency of the electric stove. Potential and capacity. Ballistic galvanometer. Spectrometer. Diffraction. Power losses in electric lines. Electrolytic conduction. Millikan and Mills' Electricity Sound and Light is used as text, supplemented by lectures. Various manuals are used, including Timbie's Electrical Measurements and Karapetoff's Elementary Electrical Testing. Recitation and lectures three days per week, laboratory two days.

(6) A course in Electricity for those majoring in Physics and Chemistry, using Hadley's Electricity and Magnetism as text and Timbie's Elements of Electricity as reference.

Permeability. Hysteresis curves. Mutual and Self Induction. Char-

acteristic curves of motors and dynamos. Three recitations per week. Laboratory two days.

(7) A course in Light for those majoring in Physical Science, using Edser's Light as text.

Spectrometer. Index of refraction. Diffraction. Polarization. Methods of presentation. Recitations three days, laboratory two days per week.

### CHEMISTRY

The courses in Chemistry are arranged according to the same general plan and to a considerable degree for the same general purpose as those in Physics.

#### Courses in Chemistry

(1) General Chemistry. Gases. Non-metallic elements. Recitations three days per week. Laboratory two days per week.

(2) General Chemistry. Acids. Bases. Salts. Allotropy. Industrial processes. Periodic law. Recitations three days per week. Laboratory two days per week.

(3) Qualitative analysis. Recitations five days per week. Laboratory four days per week.

(4) Volumetric analysis. Analysis of ores. Water analysis for sanitary purposes, also for boiler use. Analysis of fertilizers.

(5) Food analysis and other subjects related to Domestic Science. A laboratory course for students taking Domestic Science and for those majoring in Physical Science. Recitation one day per week. Laboratory four days.

(6) Organic Chemistry. A general study of the carbon compounds. Recitations three days. Laboratory, two days per week, including a moderate number of typical fundamental experiments.

(7) Historical Chemistry. A general study of the history of Chemical theory and Chemical Science. Lectures and reference reading, two days per week.

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### DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY

J. B. THOMAS, C. A. HARGRAVE, W. F. COLLINS, IRA CONNER

The work in this department is planned to lead students into a greater appreciation of nature and to assist teachers to work in the public schools that have meager laboratory equipment. Those who complete this work will have a general view of the field of plant life, animal life and human life, and will be able to do special work in the various fields of Biology.

#### BOTANY

1. A careful study of the essential organs of plants and of fruits. The last half of the term is given to the classification of flowering plants, with special attention to methods of pollination. The course is for students beginning the subject.

#### Spring and Summer Terms

2. This course is a survey of the plant kingdom beginning with the lowest forms and proceeding in the order of complexity of development to the highest forms. Much attention is given to the various phases of nutrition and reproduction of plants. In both courses, attention is called to the economic importance of plants, and much field work is done.

#### ZOOLOGY

3. One term is devoted to a survey of the animal kingdom, in order to familiarize students with the development of animal life and its classification. A valuable collection of dry and alcoholic specimens is in daily use.

Living animals are used for classification and dissecting. Microscopes are much used, there being a good cabinet of prepared slides.

4. This course is a study of Physiology and Hygiene. The newest theories of the subject are discussed and the student is given a plan for caring for his own health and for teaching others how to care for theirs.

5. This course is Experimental Physiology and the student collects his data from experiments and derives his conclusions from them.

### GEOGRAPHY

6. This course deals with the political phase of Geography and shows how the various geographic factors influence the political units which mankind has organized. Much attention is given to methods of teaching the subject.

7. This course is Commercial Geography and, as in Course 6, it seeks to humanize the subject by showing relationships at all times.

### Offered during Winter Term

8. This is Physical Geography and the scientific phase is placed uppermost, but the influence of geographic factors upon human life is not neglected.

Note—Many facts of geography are illustrated by experiments, by excursions and by museum specimens. The filling in of outline maps is a device used to a very great extent in pursuing investigations in the subject.

If a sufficient number should ask for it, a course in Experimental Botany will be offered during the Fall Term. It will deal with the physiology of plants and the laboratory work will be supplemented by lectures and collateral reading.

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## DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

L. J. DRIVER, Head of Department

MRS. E. E. OLCOTT, Assistant

W. R. HOUGH, Assistant

### OUTLINE OF COURSES FOR TEACHERS

1. Educational Psychology. An introductory course for teachers of Class A. Especial attention is given to those phases and principles of Psychology which apply to teaching. The work in the text is supplemented by class experiments, individual tests, outside reading and observation.

Fall, Winter, Spring and Summer Terms.

2. Educational Psychology. A course for Class B teachers and those taking Psychology for college credit. This course is more advanced than Course 1 and requires a more intensive study. Reference readings and reports are required.

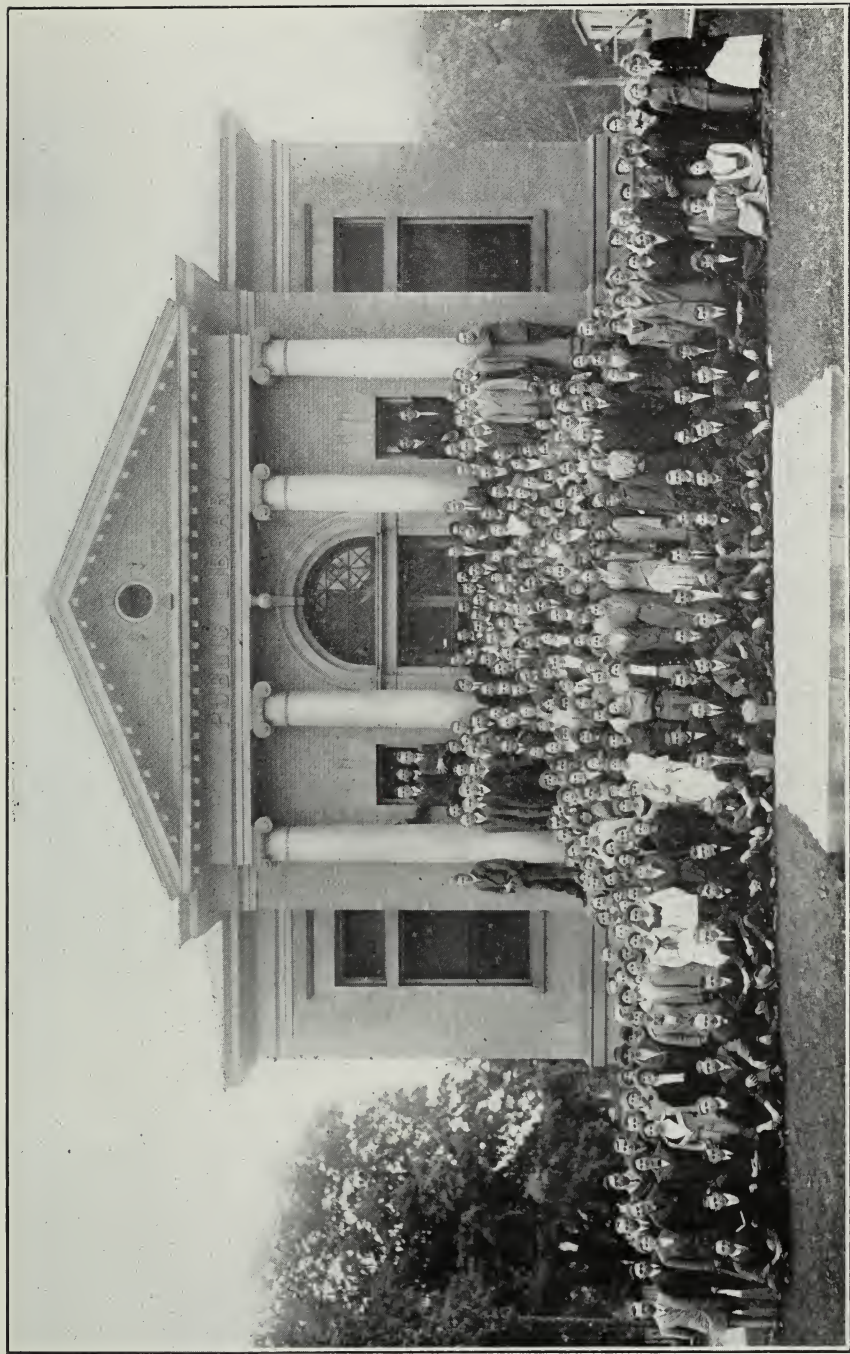
3. Advanced Psychology. Open only to advanced students. Lectures, readings, reports and experiments. Especial attention is given to the educational, social, abnormal and pathological phases of the subject. Regular college credit is given for this course.

4. Experimental Psychology. Text-book and laboratory course. There is an excellent equipment for this work.

5. Methods of Presenting the Different Subjects. A course for Class A students. The various methods of presenting the following subjects are studied: Arithmetic and Numbers, Language, Grammar and Composition, Reading and Spelling, History and Civics, Geography. Courses of study, lesson plans and assignments are studied and made out for each subject.

6. School Management. A course for Class A or B students dealing with the organization and management of the school, the course of study, the daily program, the problems of study, supervision, playground, etc.,





CLASS A STUDENTS, SUMMER TERM 1915





CLASS B STUDENTS, SUMMER TERM 1915

and the relation of the school to the community interests. This course is designed for the benefit of the beginning teacher in the rural schools and is presented from the standpoint of the rural school.

Spring and Summer Terms.

7. High School Pedagogy. An advanced course for teachers of Class C and those desiring to teach in high schools. Such topics as the organization of the high school, the course of study, discipline, methods of presentation of various subjects, etc., are studied. Lectures, recitations and reports.

8. History of Education. A general view of the development of the ideals, aims and purposes influencing education, the great educational movement, types of school systems, and the work and contributions of the great educational leaders and teachers. Credits made in this course may be counted for Classes B or C for college credit.

9. Philosophy of Education. A course dealing with the biological, physiological, sociological, psychological and philosophical aspects of education.

Text: Horne's Philosophy of Education.

10. Observation. A course for Class A and B students, under the direction of the professor in charge, and combined with other courses given in the Department of Education. All Class A students are directed to take this course. No text is required.

11. Philosophy. Introductory course. A survey of the different systems of philosophy, their origin and development. Open only to advanced students. Lectures, recitations and reference readings.

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# Professional Work for Indiana Teachers

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## THE CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE NOW AN ACCREDITED SCHOOL

Indianapolis, Ind., June 21, 1907.

To the President and Faculty of  
The Central Normal College,  
Danville, Indiana.

Gentlemen:—

This certifies that the Central Normal College is "accredited" by the State Board of Education, sitting as a State Teachers' Training Board. This institution is, therefore, authorized to prepare teachers to teach in "Class A," "Class B," and "Class C," as provided for in "Interpretation of the School Laws," pages 3 to 5, a copy of which is enclosed herewith, provided such institution agrees to meet all the conditions under "Conditions for Accrediting Normal School," a copy of which is also enclosed herewith.

Given under the seal of the State Board of Education, sitting as the State Teachers' Training Board, this 21st day of June, 1907.

For the State Teachers' Training Board:

(Signed) FASSETT A. COTTON, President.

WILLIAM W. PARSONS, Secretary.

The Indiana Legislature, Session of 1907, enacted two laws of great importance to teachers and those preparing to teach. These laws became operative August 1, 1908. Although persistent effort has been made, on the part of the authorities, to explain all the provisions of the laws, we find that many people do not understand them. We, therefore, deem it advisable to make the following extended explanation.

## REQUIREMENTS OF A TEACHER WITHOUT EXPERIENCE

The law says: "(a) A teacher without experience: Shall be a graduate of a high school or its equivalent. Shall have had not less than one term of twelve weeks' work in a school maintaining a professional course for the training of teachers. Shall have not less than a twelve months' license."

The State Board of Education has authority to interpret this law, deciding what is meant by "high school," "equivalent," etc. The Board has decided as follows: Before a teacher's license can be granted to a beginning teacher he must (1) be a graduate of a commissioned high school, or a certified high school, or a certified academy, or must pass a state examination in the high school branches. (2) Must have had twelve weeks' training in an accredited normal school.

One can not enter upon the training course until after meeting requirement No. 1 as given above.

A student in an accredited college, while engaged in completing his high school work, is not eligible to begin the training course. The two can not overlap.

One desiring to pass the examination for equivalency can not take the training course while preparing for the examination.

High school graduates must bring with them a complete certified copy of the work done in high school.

Since the Indiana commissioned and certified high schools give a four years' course, high school graduates from other states must have had a four years' course.

The examinations for high school equivalency are held by the county superintendents at the same time and place as those for teachers' license.

Those teaching their first school are known as teachers of Class A.

### CLASS A—TWELVE WEEKS

(a) One period a day in any one of the following subjects: Methods I, Observation, Educational Psychology I, History of Education I, Child Study.

(b) One period a day must be given to the study from the teacher's standpoint of some one of the common school subjects.

(c) One period a day must be given to the study from the teacher's point of view of one of the high school subjects.

(d) The fourth subject may be elected from b or c.

### FOR TEACHERS OF ONE YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

The law says: "(b) A teacher with one year's experience: Shall be a graduate of a high school or its equivalent. Shall have had not less than two terms of twenty-four weeks' work in a school maintaining a professional course for the training of teachers or the equivalent of such work. Shall have not less than a two years' license. Shall have a success grade."

Those that meet the above requirements are known as Class B teachers.

A Class A teacher can pass into Class B after the close of his first school year by spending twelve weeks in an accredited college and securing a two years' license. He will then have had twenty-four weeks' work, as specified in the law.

Class B students who have had their class A training elsewhere must file with us a complete certified copy of the subjects taken and the grades made in the other institution.

### CLASS B—TWENTY-FOUR WEEKS—TWELVE WEEKS IN ADDITION TO CLASS A

(a) Same regulation and subjects as in Class A, with no duplication of work.

(b) Same regulations as in Class A, with no duplications of work done in that class.

(c) Same as in Class A.

(d) Same as in Class A.

### FOR TEACHERS OF THREE OR MORE YEARS' EXPERIENCE

The law says: "(c) A teacher with three or more years' experience: Shall be a graduate of a high school or its equivalent. Shall be a graduate from a school maintaining a professional course for the training of teachers, or its equivalent. Shall have a three years' license. Shall have a success grade."

It will be seen that a teacher under this law must teach three years before being eligible to take Class C work.

The State Board has decided that the above professional course must include three years' work and specifies it as follows:

### THE STANDARD NORMAL COURSE

### COURSE FOR TEACHERS OF CLASS C—THREE YEARS OF THIRTY-SIX WEEKS EACH

The Central Normal College is now one of the four Standard Normal Schools of the State of Indiana, so designated by the State Board of Education. One of the many advantages to the student derived from attending Central Normal College is that the Class C Course in this Standard Normal School is accepted by the State Board of Education as qualifying a teacher to hold a commission for a high school. This is desired by many teachers.

There are nine terms in this Standard Normal School Course, which may be completed in two years and one term here. Class A and Class B may be counted in the Standard Normal School Course.



**THE COURSE OF STUDY—CLASS C**

|  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| Arithmetic .....   | twenty-four weeks |
| English Grammar .....  | twenty-four weeks |
| Composition .....  | twelve weeks      |
| History and Civil Government.....                                | twenty-four weeks |
| Physiology and Hygiene.....                                      | twenty-four weeks |
| Reading and Literature.....                                      | twenty-four weeks |
| Geography .....  | twenty-four weeks |
| Penmanship .....   | twelve weeks      |
| Educational Psychology with special reference to grade work..... | thirty-six weeks  |
| Principles and Methods of Teaching.....                          | twelve weeks      |
| Observation and Practice in Training Schools.....                | twenty-four weeks |
| History of Education.....  | twenty-four weeks |
| Manual Training and Domestic Science.....                        | twelve weeks      |
| Vocal Music .....  | twelve weeks      |
| Drawing .....  | twelve weeks      |
| Nature Study .....   | twelve weeks      |
| Physical Culture (two hours per week).....                       | twenty-four weeks |
| Electives .....  | eleven credits    |

This course is organized for graduates of commissioned or certified non-commissioned high schools and others of equivalent scholarship.

A "credit" consists of twelve weeks' successful work in any subject. Thirty-eight credits are necessary for graduation.

Four heavy subjects carried regularly with daily recitations of fifty minutes each, five days per week, is the maximum work for students of average ability and attainments. Only students of exceptional maturity and strength will be permitted to attempt more. Vocal Music, Penmanship or Physical Culture may be taken in addition to the regular number named.

**AN IMPORTANT PROVISIO**

This law makes the following provision as to teachers that had taught at least one term of six months prior to August 1, 1908, as follows:

"Provided, that for teachers already in the service successful experience in teaching shall be accepted as an equivalent for high school and professional training, as required by all the above classifications."

The required six months' experience may have been in another state.

Those "already in the service" are placed in Class A, B or C, depending upon the experience and grade of teachers' license as follows: A teacher of one year's experience, or any teacher holding a two years' license, is in Class A, and can pass into Class B by securing a two years' license. A teacher of three or more years' experience can pass into Class C on securing a three years' license.

**WAGES OF TEACHERS IN INDIANA**

The minimum daily wage of a teacher, expressed in cents, is obtained by multiplying his general average on teacher's examination by two and one-half cents for Class A, by three for Class B, by three and one-half for Class C.

# VOCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

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## TRAINING COURSES FOR TEACHERS TO COMPLY WITH ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE INDIANA STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

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### PRE-VOCATIONAL WORK FOR ANY STUDENT DESIRING IT UNIVERSITY GRADUATES IN CHARGE OF EVERY CLASS

We are offering three special courses in our Vocational Department. Two years of work in General Agriculture, one year in Manual Training and two years in Domestic Science. These courses are organized and directed with a view to aid the student to teach the subject. All the work offered in these courses is extremely practical and the field covered in each is broad enough to provide sufficient material for a course in the common schools of the state.

We have a well-equipped kitchen, dining room and sewing room. Twenty girls can work at one time.

For our Agricultural Department, we have eight acres for demonstration purposes. We have three hundred young fruit trees of apple, peach, plum, cherry and pear and about fifty old trees of the above variety.

We also have splendid plats for corn, grasses and vegetables.

Danville is situated in one of the best agricultural districts in the state. Hendricks county has a county agent, and many of the leading farmers are enthusiastic about our courses and are willing to aid us by co-operation.

Our aim is to do practical work for teachers.

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### MANUAL TRAINING

We will offer two courses in Manual Training—a two-hour course and a five-hour course.

The two-hour course is an introductory course, intended to familiarize the student who has not had Manual Training in the grades with tools and their uses and would be suggestive to teachers of a course that might be offered in country schools.

The five-hour course is an advanced course, open to students who have had an elementary, or the above two-hour course. The first term will be devoted to mechanical drawing, dealing with the practice rather than the theory of the subject. This will cover lettering, sketching, construction of a progressive series of working drawings, tracing and blue prints. Practical use will be made of the work in the course in Manual Training.

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### HOME ECONOMICS

MAUDE CAMPBELL, Head of Department

ANNA KATE WARRICK, Assistant

MARY KIEFFER, Assistant

NOVA MARTING, Assistant

The courses in this department are planned for students who desire to specialize in Home Economics and are preparing to become teachers or

supervisors in that work. An additional course of twelve weeks is offered in the summer. This course is especially designed to meet the needs of the teacher of the rural school.

In order to complete the course in this department it is necessary to take six terms of Home Economics, two terms of Physiology, three terms of Chemistry, one term of Household Physics, four terms of English and eight terms in subjects to be chosen from the Standard Normal or Regular College Courses.

**Equipment**—The first floor of New Science Hall is being equipped for Home Economics Department. There are two cooking laboratories, each of which will accommodate a class of twenty students, a well furnished dining room, and rooms equipped with machines and tables for sewing.

**Courses**—The following work is offered by the Department of Home Economics. The courses throughout combine work in cooking and sewing.

### COURSE 1

**Cooking**—This course takes up in a general way the various household processes with emphasis on the selection and preparation of food.

**Sewing**—A full course of hand sewing, consisting of basting, hemming, darning, patching, button-hole practice, etc. Simple garments are made.

Two cooking laboratory periods per week and two sewing laboratory periods per week. Recitation, lectures and written work.

### COURSE 2

Course 2 is a continuation of Course 1 with a more careful study of the Chemistry of foods and principles of cooking.

**Sewing**—Drafting patterns, cutting, making of undergarments.

Two cooking laboratory periods, two sewing laboratory periods and one recitation per week.

### COURSE 3

**Cooking**—Preparation of food with emphasis on marketing and cost of food. The relation of our work to the public school work, planning of courses and practice teaching receive special attention.

**Sewing**—Drafting dress patterns, use of commercial patterns, cutting, fitting and making dresses.

Four laboratory periods and one recitation per week.

### COURSE 4

**Food and Dietetics**—The application of Courses 1-2 to actual problems, making menus, marketing. Preparation and serving meals. Special methods of working out dietaries.

**Sewing**—A study of textiles, fibers, their characteristics and costs. Test for adulterations. This course is intended to train women to buy intelligently.

Two laboratory periods and three recitations per week.

### COURSE 5

**Cooking**—Invalid cookery. What to do in emergencies, care of sick in home, practice in preparing food for invalids.

**Sewing**—Costume design and decorative needle work.

Three laboratory periods and two recitation periods per week.

### COURSE 6

House construction, sanitation and decoration.

**Household Administration**—The organization of work and division of the income.

Lectures, recitations, assigned readings and practical work.

## OUTLINE OF THE COURSE IN HOME ECONOMICS BY TERMS

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1.<br/>Home Economics 1<br/>English<br/>Chemistry 1<br/>Elective</p> <p>2.<br/>Home Economics 2<br/>Chemistry 2<br/>Physiology<br/>Elective</p> <p>3.<br/>Home Economics 3<br/>English<br/>Physiology<br/>Elective</p> | <p>4.<br/>Home Economics 4<br/>English<br/>Chemistry 3<br/>Elective</p> <p>5.<br/>Home Economics 5<br/>English<br/>Elective<br/>Elective</p> <p>6.<br/>Home Economics<br/>Household Physics<br/>Elective<br/>Elective</p> |
|---|---|

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The teaching of Agriculture in Indiana Standard Normal Colleges is under the general supervision of the State Board of Education. This being a new subject, it is not yet well organized. Our courses will be modified so as to conform to the plans of the State Board, and best to meet the needs of the classes. The work will be found to be practical, both for use on the farm and in the school.

In outlining the courses in Agriculture two principal objects have been kept in mind: First, to give the student a practical, working knowledge of the subject, and second, to organize this information in such a way that he will be able to teach it connectedly and intelligibly.

As far as possible, the courses are arranged according to the season when outdoor work in that particular subject can be done to the best advantage. Courses will be offered as follows:

### HORTICULTURE

Three lectures and two two-hour field periods per week. A demonstration orchard of 300 young fruit trees, and an old orchard of about 50 trees will be used in this work. Other orchards will be visited and studied. Practical orchard work will be done in propagation, planting, pruning and spraying.

### SOILS

Three lectures and two two-hour laboratory periods per week. The laboratory work in this course will include a study of the composition of soils, the relation and importance of water to soil, drainage, and the use of farm manure and commercial fertilizers. A list of 36 exercises will be completed during the twelve weeks.

## OUTLINE OF COURSES IN AGRICULTURE

### Horticulture—Twelve Weeks

1. Propagation of fruit plants—seeds, grafting, budding, etc.
2. Location of orchard.
3. Planting and care of orchard.
4. Pruning and later management.
5. Insects and fungus diseases.
6. Spraying and spraying apparatus.
7. Harvesting and marketing.
8. Pome fruits—apple, pear, quince.



9. Stone fruits—peach, plum, cherry.
10. Grapes.
11. Small fruits.
12. Shade trees—varieties and care.
13. Preparation and care of lawns.

## **SOILS**

### **SOIL WATER AND WATER CONTROL**

1. Farm map.
2. Relation of roots to soil water.
3. Sap circulation.
4. Loss of water through plants.
5. Forms of soil water.
6. Capillary movements of water.
7. Water content of soils.
8. Use of water by plants.
9. Erosion.
10. Drainage.
11. Control of water losses.
12. Relation of water to soil structure.
13. Drainage records.

### **SOIL FERTILITY, FERTILIZERS AND GENERAL MANAGEMENT**

14. Farm map, continued.
15. The use of lime.
16. Soil fertility.
17. Commercial fertilizers.
18. Availability of fertilizers.
19. Fertilizer tests.
20. Home mixing.
21. Fertilizer problems.
22. Value of legumes.
23. Green manuring.
24. Crop rotation.
25. Fertilizer records.

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## **CENTRAL NORMAL COLLEGE CADETS**

MAJOR MOORE, Instructor

This department was organized as a part of Central Normal College, in January, 1913, and has had a steady growth during the remainder of the school year. They participated in several important parades, such as: Laying the court house cornerstone, local option election and Memorial Day. On two different occasions the cadets marched out of town six miles, and camped over night under strict military discipline. This course offers excellent advantages for development along moral, social, educational and physical lines. The latest infantry tactics are used and in addition to this Calisthenic work is given. Credit is given for it as physical culture.

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## **EXPLANATION OF THE REGULAR COURSES**

(For explanation of miscellaneous course, selected throughout by the student, see pages following 47.)

### **PREPARATORY COURSE**

This course is intended to prepare one to pass an examination for teachers' license. All the classes of the course are maintained each term

and the course need not be taken just in the order given. Branches in which the student is already good enough can be omitted.

Upon the payment of \$2.00 a certificate will be given to anyone having satisfactorily completed this course.

### HIGH SCHOOL COURSE

(See Curriculum page 15.)

The Academic Department has been commissioned by the State Board of Education of Indiana, and grants commissioned high school diplomas to those completing the course. The course, as laid down, conforms to the regulations of the above board and is strong. Students from other states will find it will be accepted everywhere, as a sufficient preparation for entering college, university, technical school, or medical college.

Indiana Township Trustees are allowed, by special law, enacted for that purpose, to transfer pupils to private schools and colleges. A township that does not maintain a high school is compelled to transfer pupils for high school work, and to pay the tuition. Well matured common school graduates should take their high school work in college. There are numerous advantages, one of which is the much reduced living expenses. One transferred to a non-college town will be compelled to pay twice as much for board as in Danville.

Those under twenty-one years of age and not high school graduates are entitled to a transfer, if living in a township without a high school.

The pupil may select his school. The Indiana law mentions decreased expense as one of the reasons for a transfer. If you think you are entitled to one, see your trustee. Graduating fee, \$3.00.

### HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY

The law provides that students who are not graduates of high school may enter the training course as soon as they have secured a certificate of equivalency. Many students have secured this certificate by examination. County superintendents conduct this examination at the same time as that for teachers' license.

If a student is seventeen or eighteen years of age and has spent several years in a high school he can pass the high school equivalency examination by spending a few terms in the Central Normal College. Dozens have done that within the past year, and are now teaching. If you have had some high school work and want to teach soon, write us at once and we will give you fuller particulars about the equivalency certificate.

### A LAW SCHOOL

We are pleased to present to our friends everywhere a Law Course that will prepare one to practice in any state, that can be taken at a minimum cost, and that can be completed in connection with a regular college course leading to a degree. We offer young men advantages infinitely superior to:

Reading in an Office—In this way many men in the past have become eminent lawyers, but now there is a better way. Unless the lawyer with whom you read is a very busy man he can not be of much use to you; and if he is, he can't give you much time. In an office you are likely to become a loafer for life, to form the habit of unsystematic reading, to depend upon absorption rather than study, to neglect your work for society, and to waste time in the court room hearing evidence in uninteresting cases.

Advantages of a Law School—It is now universally conceded that law should be learned in a Law School. A large and increasing proportion of American lawyers now come to their profession by way of the law school. The advantages are at once apparent. Not the least of these is the esprit de corps, invaluable to the lawyer, and unattainable in an office. The young man that has taken his law course in the association of college students enters upon his work with an inspiration and with a high standard of professional ethics that at once entitle him to the esteem of the public and the respect of his fellow-members of the bar. In the law school one may

acquire studious habits, may have the advantage of the moot court, may acquire the art of public speaking, may develop power in debate.

The Central Normal College School of Law—The fatal mistake of the young lawyer today is to rush into his profession without sufficient education. Hundreds are now in law school with no education beyond what the country schools give, and many do not have even that. No greater blunder could be made. The law opens up some of the greatest questions that man is ever called upon to consider. No matter how intellectual he may be in the solution of the great problems the lawyer meets, he will need the broadest culture and the ripest learning the school can give. If he has not made the necessary preparation he is destined to be relegated to the realms of petty practice. But if he has wisely looked into the future and has laid broad and deep his general preparation, he may hope some time to take part in the contests of the giants. Boys often fool themselves with the fancy that they will get their education after they begin their practice. This is a dangerous delusion. All experience shows that preparation neglected in student life is not likely ever to be made.

There are, however, hundreds and thousands of ambitious and deserving young men who could not make their start early in life and are now without either the time or the means to take an extended college course before beginning their law course. The Central Normal College undertakes to meet the wants of just such men. Here you can complete a general college course and your law course at the same time.

The degree of Bachelor of Laws is conferred upon graduates of our Law Course, and they are at once admitted, without examination, to practice in the Supreme Court of Indiana.

Students completing this course will be prepared to practice law in any state. The Central Normal College can save law students both time and money. The general tuition entitles the student to give all his attention to law, or take along with it any other studies in the general school. Advanced students can enter at any time. Come or write for further information. Keep in mind the Central Normal College School of Law.

Graduating fee, \$5.00.

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## SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

This is one of the oldest schools of business in the West. We have more than two thousand graduates. We have led in many of the advances in commercial education. We first introduced business practice.

The college has expended several hundred dollars in fitting Commercial Hall with banks and offices, and we now have one of the most handsome, as well as one of the most convenient and best equipped, commercial rooms in the state. From a single bank, installed in 1879, our special office furniture developed into a complete outfit of offices, which now line two sides of Commercial Hall. When a thorough course of training in Accounts and Business Forms in general use is conceded to be eminently important, it behooves every young man of ability and ambition to devote some time to the study of Bookkeeping, Business Papers and collateral branches. Not only is the knowledge gained by the study of these subjects of a decidedly practical sort, but the acquisition of such knowledge gives a training and discipline not to be excelled in any other branch of education. We do not contend that everybody should be a bookkeeper any more than teachers in Astronomy believe that all should become astronomers.

Business education means more than a mere smattering of debits and credits; more than a good style of penmanship; more than a knowledge of business forms. It means vastly more than these. It means concentration and continuity of thought, accuracy of judgment, self-discipline and tact, courtesy, and dignity of manner and executive ability of high degree. These are a few of the many good aims to which the business college attains.

Business training is helpful, inspiring, practical, and pays large dividends for life.

The course prepares the graduate for any position as bookkeeper, but we desire to call special attention to the fact that every young man and woman should take this course, regardless of future employment. It gives one just the training needed to manage successfully his finances, whether on the farm, in the shop, in the office, or behind his counter. Many do not complete the course, some finding one term ample.

## BOOKKEEPING

We do not make a hobby of this subject to the detriment of other practical branches, although we fully realize the importance of its position in the business course.

### INITIATORY DEPARTMENT

The plan of the work in this department is based on the belief that knowledge is acquired only by study and observation, and that facility is secured by thoughtful practice. To this end, so-called "theory" and practice alternate throughout the course, with the result that the student acquires a thorough practical knowledge of bookkeeping and business practice.

The theoretical portion of the work is devoted to elucidating the principles of double and single entry bookkeeping. The text used contains well graded and easily comprehended presentations of the principles of accounts. The explanations are so full and explicit and the illustrations accompanying the work to be performed are so clear and complete that the dullest student cannot fail to comprehend them.

The advanced portion of this work is devoted to the illustration of the special methods and technical and labor saving forms of bookkeeping as employed in the best business offices. The several sets illustrating the methods include wholesale and retail grocery business, coal, lumber, shipping and commission jobbing, manufacturing, joint stock, and corporation companies and banking. Passing quickly from one business to another he covers the whole field, and becomes familiar with all the business forms, illustrating business practice, introducing the use of letterheads, envelopes, billheads, telegraph blanks, notes, drafts, receipts, deposit tickets, pass book, check book, bill of lading, protest, notice of protest, discount, memorandum, collect-on-delivery envelopes, daily statements.

The work of this department is enlivened and the student benefited by frequent oral and written tests, topical discussions and general reviews.

### OFFICE PRACTICE

The office practice is also complete and practical. The work required of the student is very extensive, so he need not fear to take a responsible position after graduating. Our graduates successfully hold responsible positions. The arrangement is such that a slow or dull pupil can perform the work without hindrance to the bright, quick one.

Throughout the course the pupil is held to strict accountability as to results. He is carefully guided; every step is fully explained and illustrated, and every entry he is required to make in the business practice is of a transaction actually performed with the clerks of the office department under the direction of the teachers.

Every important commercial paper and many legal documents are required to be drawn in connection with the work. Goods are bought and sold; deeds, policies, notes, drafts, checks and all kinds of commercial papers are made out as carefully as in real business, and which acquaint the student with the best forms in use at the present time.

### TIME REQUIRED

Every student advances as rapidly as he can. One is not kept back by the dullness or slowness of another. The strong student may complete the



course in two terms. Some require three terms. The professors in charge do everything consistent with thoroughness to make the advancement rapid.

### COMMERCIAL LAW

In the business world a knowledge of this subject is essential to an understanding of the rules and regulations that govern trade. An understanding of the principles which regulate contracts, negotiable instruments, partnerships, etc., is indispensable in carrying out business transactions. Sufficient attention will be given this phase of the business course that the student may be conversant with the laws which govern in the ordinary course of business affairs. He will thereby win the confidence and esteem of those with whom he comes in contact in the marts of trade.

### POSITIONS

We do not guarantee a position to the graduate. Business men do not allow colleges to select their employees. We secure many positions, and we believe we are as successful in so doing as any other institution. We give every assistance to our graduate, but do not make promises which we might not be able to make good.

### COURSE OF STUDY

Bookkeeping, three hours a day until finished.  
Grammar, one hour per day until finished.  
Arithmetic, one hour per day until finished.  
Rapid calculation.  
Commercial law, one hour per day for twelve weeks.  
Penmanship, one hour per day until finished.  
Rhetoric, twenty-four weeks.  
Spelling, one hour per day for twelve weeks.

Graduates of the common schools can easily complete grammar and arithmetic in one term. Teachers will be excused from both if they desire. There is no extra charge for other studies, and students in the Business School may take as many studies in the other departments of the college as they can carry. This is a valuable feature and entirely unknown in most commercial schools.

### COMBINED COURSE IN BOOKKEEPING, SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING

We recommend this course to all students entering the Business Department. The general business practice of the bookkeeping course is of inestimable value to a stenographer. One prepared to do bookkeeping and also to take a place as stenographer will have a much better opportunity to secure a choice position. All three lines of work can be carried at the same time, under one tuition. A strong student can complete the course in three terms.

The subjects are as follows: Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Rapid Calculation, Grammar, Rhetoric, Composition, Penmanship, Spelling, Shorthand and Typewriting.

### ADVANTAGES WITH US

A School of Business in a Literary College offers many advantages not to be found in a city school. The bookkeeping work will be in every respect just as good and the other branches will be taught by the regular college professors. The students may pursue studies in other departments. There are many lectures and other exercises of great value to young people. There are literary societies. A pure moral atmosphere pervades all. Young people should be kept out of the city until ready to take permanent employment, the exacting duties of which will occupy all hours.

### EXPENSES

Tuition, \$18.00 per term of twelve weeks.

Graduating fee, \$3.00.

Furnished rooms in private family, 50 cents to 75 cents per week.

We direct attention to the fact that the entire expense of our course will not exceed tuition charges, alone, in city business colleges. Further, living expenses are much higher in cities than with us. The saving to the students will in many cases amount to \$100.00 for the course. We guarantee that our course is not surpassed in excellence.

### TIME TO ENTER

Students can enter any day in the school year and begin the course without delay.

### THE PROFESSORS

Since bookkeeping is a study to be actually applied by the student, we select for teachers in the School of Business those who have had experience as bookkeepers.

### SHORTHAND

This is an art that is demanded everywhere. The uses of shorthand have increased with great rapidity, the field is a constantly widening one, and the demand for competent stenographers has never been greater than at the present time.

A great advantage we have over special schools of shorthand is that our students can at the same time study Grammar, Rhetoric, Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Letter-Writing, and other branches of the school, without extra charge. Shorthand writers must have a good general education.

The student has an excellent opportunity of verbatim reporting, taking the speeches made at General Exercises and in the various debating societies. He is given a thorough drill in writing from dictation and transcribing letters and all kinds of legal documents; also a thorough drill in court reporting.

The time necessary to complete the course depends upon the application of the student. The usual time is three terms, but some complete it in two terms. The work is arranged so the student may advance as rapidly as desired. There is no reason why any young man or woman of good common school education should not be able, with a few months' suitable preparation, to hold a good position affording ample compensation, and at the same time lay the foundation for a successful business life.

### SHORTHAND COURSE

Shorthand  
Typewriting  
Business Writing  
Care of Machine  
Manifolding  
Spelling

Rhetoric, two terms  
Legal Forms  
Practice in President's Office  
Penmanship  
Letter Writing

Graduating fee, \$3.00.

### STENOGRAPHY, THE LATEST AID TO MODERN BUSINESS

The stenotype machine is the latest device for handling correspondence. It is to Shorthand just what the typewriting machine is to longhand. An expert operator can accurately take the fastest dictation or the addresses of the most rapidly speaking lecturer. Since this machine writes in letters, and not by signs, any person knowing the code can read the writing. In an office one operator with a Stenotype machine can take dictations enough for several typewriter operators.

We will continue to teach Shorthand, but will also teach Stenography.

Stenotype operators are paid high salaries. For many years the demand will exceed the supply.

It is evident that every court will soon demand a stenotype operator. The same will be true of every business firm that has a large correspondence. This is absolutely the latest thing in commercial education. Heretofore no Indiana school has offered this instruction. It has been taught in the large cities only.

The reasonable expenses in Danville will make it possible for you to learn the business here at a much less expense than elsewhere.

Write for further particulars.

## TYPEWRITING

The typewriter is rapidly finding place in the office of business men of all classes. No man that has any considerable correspondence will long be without this labor-saving machine. Successful shorthand writers must be expert operators on the typewriter, and bookkeepers and others expecting to do office work should have a practical knowledge of typewriting and be ready to operate any of the standard machines.

Our Typewriting Department is equipped with the leading machines, and the student is taught how to care for the machine as well as to operate successfully. This we consider a very important feature.

The teacher of typewriting is with the student at least one hour daily, each student being a member of a regular class in the subject. The teacher is an expert writer and presents the subject in a most practical manner. The touch system is used, and the student has choice of learning on a "blind" keyboard or on one with lettered keys. The operator is taught the keyboard of the machine so that he knows it, just as the pianist knows the keyboard of the piano. Any key can be struck without the aid of the eyes. This is the only correct way, if one desires to become an expert operator.

Rent of machines, \$2.50 per term for one hour of daily practice; \$4.50 per term for two hours daily practice.

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# SCHOOL OF MUSIC

**Courses Maintained in Piano, Organ, Voice Culture,  
Violin, Band and Orchestral Instruments.**

## EXPLANATION OF COURSES OF STUDY

Five courses are offered:

1. A course in Piano and Theory.
2. A course in Voice Culture and Theory.
3. A course in Violin and Theory.
4. A Teachers' Course in Public School Music.
5. Complete course on all Band Instruments.

The purpose of musical education is twofold—to cultivate the taste, and to impart technical skill. The foundation of musical education is scientific. It consists in knowledge of the principles of Musical Art and acquaintance with its history. Without this, knowledge of music is of little value as a means of culture.

But music is more than a science. It is an art; and to be appreciated it must be studied as an art. The ear must be trained to distinguish and the soul to appreciate the harmonious of sound, and the voice and fingers trained to produce the same.

The method by which these results are reached must be nicely adapted to the individual—to his natural capacity, to his stage of advancement and aptitude for improvement.

In making out the course in music it is necessary to recognize the fact that artistic talent varies more than intellectual, and it is impossible to lay out a definite set of studies and pieces for every pupil to follow, or to prescribe the time required for a given degree of attainment.

The selection of suitable exercises, the cultivation of good style of execution, the proper interpretation of musical classics, all these and many other considerations must be wisely weighed and decided, or the teacher's work may be worse than useless.

The following will show the grade of music required, selections from which will be used according to the judgment of the teacher.

## PREPARATORY COURSE

This department is intended to meet the wants of amateurs, who have not time nor inclination to enter upon the extended course of study, but who desire the best possible instruction during the time they devote to it.

Elements of Notation and Technique, formation of Major and Minor Scales, Kohler's Practical Method, Czerny's or Kohler's First Studies, Kohler's Op. 181, or Duvrenoy's Opus 120, Mason's Technique, Schmidt's Opus 16, Clementi's Sonatas, easy selections from Classical and Modern composers.

The full course of study in the piano department is intended to occupy at least two years; but advanced pupils, whose previous instruction has been correct, are graded in this department according to their proficiency on entering. In such cases pupils are not required to remain for the entire time specified.

### FIRST YEAR—FORTY-EIGHT WEEKS

Bertini's Studies, Op. 29; Heller's Studies, Opus 46; Hayden's Sonatas 718; Heller's Studies, Op. 16; Turner's Octave Studies; Koehler, Op. 128; selections from classical and modern composers each year.

### SECOND YEAR—FORTY-EIGHT WEEKS

Kullak's Octave, Op. 48, part 2; Mozart's Sonatas; Bach Inventions; Cramer's Studios; Clementi Gradus; scale and arpeggios in their different forms throughout the course.

Each candidate for graduation will be required to take a course in Musical History and Harmony.

Programs are given during the year at which the pupils will perform selections from the music studied in the regular course of instruction, thereby enabling them to exercise their powers and to acquire that confidence which is necessary to a creditable performance before an audience.

**Important to the Student**—In comparing courses of several colleges, student should not forget that our year includes forty-eight weeks.

A strong student may be able to accomplish more than the regular course in two years. If so, additional work will be provided.

We guarantee our instructors to be as competent as those of other colleges, in which the lesson charges are twice as high.

Students will be classified at the college office at the time of enrollment.

Students that are applicants for graduation will take their second year's work with Mrs. Luscomb. All others may take of either Mrs. Luscomb or Mrs. Gaston.

## TUITION IN MUSIC

1. One term of 24 half-hour lessons, two or more per week, from Mr. and Mrs. Luscomb, \$14.40.

2. One term of 24 half-hour lessons, two per week, from Mrs. Gaston, \$12.00.

3. See page 8 for tuition charges for partial program of classes in connection with music lessons.

4. Lessons missed on account of sickness can be made up at any time.



Lessons missed from any other cause can be made up during the term, providing the teacher has the time and is notified in advance of the contemplated absence.

### RENT OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS FOR PRACTICE

(a) Pianos and Organs—The rent per term of 12 weeks is as follows:

(1) One hour per day, \$2.50.

(2) Two hours per day, \$4.00.

(3) Three or more hours per day, \$1.75 per hour.

Note—It is always better to practice on a college instrument, where you will not be disturbed, and where you will not feel that you are disturbing some one else.

(b) The rent per term of 12 weeks on any band instrument is \$1.00.

Note—Bring your horn with you. The college cannot supply all applicants.

### SHORT COURSES ON PIANO AND ORGAN

A student of any grade can enter at any time and begin at once. Courses of any number of weeks will be provided. Some students remain but twelve weeks. A music teacher can complete the entire course by spending the winters only in college.

Special attention is given to those just beginning.

### OTHER STUDIES

It is not necessary for the student to devote the entire time to music. Our observation teaches us that it is not best to do so. Many students carry a regular literary course and take one or two private lessons in music per week. Every music student should carry at least one other subject. We recommend German, General History or Literature to those taking the regular piano courses, but allow perfect liberty in choosing. One does not make most rapid progress by devoting the entire time to one subject. The best rest comes from a change of work.

### DIPLOMAS

A diploma will be awarded on completion of any of the full courses in this department.

Graduating fee for any course in music, \$5.00.

### VOICE CULTURE AND THEORY

The most perfect of all musical instruments is the human voice. But to make it truly effective, cultivation and development are necessary. An uncultivated voice, however superior in quality, is of less real value to its possessor, and to the world, than one not so rich naturally, but thoroughly trained and under perfect control. The course will be adapted to the student. Prof. Luscomb was seven years a student under the eminent theorist and teacher, Prof. J. F. O. Smith of Brooklyn, and has trained many voices for solo singing. The course embraces correct mode in breathing, both in inspiration and in expiration; correct position of the vocal organs; correct tone reflection or resonance; correct physical deportment in the delivery of solo work.

### COURSE OF STUDY FOR VOICE

#### Grade 1.

Preparatory Vocal Exercises; Concone Book I; selected easy songs.

#### Grade 2.

Bonaldi's Vocal Exercises: Concone Book I; more difficult songs.



CLASS C STUDENTS, SUMMER TERM 1915





MUSIC STUDENTS, SUMMER TERM 1915

**Grade 3.**

Concone's 25 lessons. Abt's Scale and Arpeggio Practice; Emory's Harmony. Selected songs.

**Grade 4.**

Panzeron's Vocal Exercises; Colorature Ariens; Concone's exercises.

**SIGHT SINGING CLASSES**

The Vocal Music Department maintains two classes every term, excepting the first, which has only the beginning class. This class takes up the rudimentary principles of music. The advanced class is adapted to students who have completed the work of the beginning class and wish to become proficient in two, three and four-part music.

Complete lesson material for the first and second year work in the public schools is given, and also suggestions as to presenting the different music problems that arise in all the other grades, including high schools and rural schools, also a short course in Theory, Melody Writing and the presentation of Music History.

**MUSIC SUPERVISOR'S COURSE**

This course fits a student having ordinary musical ability to command a position as Music Supervisor in the public schools usually after one term's work. Ninety-eight per cent of the graduates in this course now have splendid positions which exceeds any record made by any other like institution in the Middle West.

The course embodies methods of presenting the work in each grade and high school as well as rural school in a way that will best bring successful results.

Besides this necessary instruction, a course in theory, elementary harmony, musical form, melody writing and musical history is given, which enables the student to pass a music supervisor's examination for a state license.

**HARMONY AND HISTORY OF MUSIC**

The State Board questions for examination in music during the past year have developed the fact that those who intend to teach music in the public schools in the future are expected to have a knowledge of musical history and harmony. Mr. Luscomb is using a most concise and thorough course in these two branches in connection with his course in public school music methods.

A term of twenty-four lessons will enable a teacher to be fully able to understand these subjects, and will also aid him to acquire a musical foundation that will be of great benefit to him as a teacher.

Harmony is a regular subject in the Piano Course, and every graduate must study it.

**THE VIOLIN**

This master instrument is to be found in more homes than any other. The desire to learn it is almost universal. Many persons are wasting valuable hours of practice by using bad methods. All such should have the instruction of skilled performers and teachers.

**COURSE OF STUDY FOR VIOLIN****Grade 1.**

Hermann Violin School; Division I, II and III. Select pieces in the first position. Pleyel Op. 8.

**Grade 2.**

Hermann Violin School; Division IV. Easy solos by Dancels and others.



### Grade 3.

Hermann Violin School; Division V. Hermann Op. 20. Solo by Wieniawski, Bohm and others.

### Grade 4.

Kreutzer's Etudes. Solos by Raff, DeBoriot and others.

## BAND AND ORCHESTRAL INSTRUMENTS

The college has maintained a band since 1882. To meet a demand for instruction on wind and stringed instruments, this department was organized in 1887. It was established to accommodate those students who desire to give some attention to music while pursuing a literary course, but it has been found that some wish to give their entire time to the violin or cornet. The most competent instructors are provided. We find that many young people who play quite well have not been taught correctly and cannot make the proper progress. They need the help of a skilled soloist and efficient teacher. The beginner should have the best instructor.

The music students can here pursue other studies with slight additional cost. The musical and the literary education should go together. Two lessons per week in music will not interfere with the progress of the student in other studies. In fact, we have found that in most cases they assist. The necessary practice gives a needed recreation. Parents are always delighted to have their children perform upon some instrument, and we know that many a father or mother will urge upon the son or daughter to take advantage of the opportunity while here. A violin, cornet, guitar, flute or clarinet costs but a few dollars, but any of them, even moderately well learned, will give many hours of pleasure to the owner. There is hardly a Sabbath school in the country that will not gladly accept, and in many cases pay well for the services of a violinist or cornetist. Here is a great opportunity for young people to be of use to the community in which they live.

### COURSES

We do not give space to the courses on all instruments. The violin course may be taken as an example of what is presented on any of the instruments named.

### CLARINET

Prof. Luscomb is a master of the clarinet, perhaps the most worthy of all the wind instruments. He presents courses for amateur and professionals. He has ample professional experience with the leading concert organizations of America and knows just what is needed to make the student a finished performer in the shortest time. Mr. Jean M. Missud, the famous New England composer, says: "Mr. Luscomb is one of the finest clarinetists in the country. His compositions place him in the front rank of American composers."

### CORNET

This is now a leading instrument. It is in demand everywhere for bands, orchestras, Sabbath schools, churches, and solo playing. It is more readily learned than the violin. Students in one or two terms may become good performers.

### GUITAR AND MANDOLIN

These are delightful instruments for the home, and are being learned by many gentlemen as well as ladies.

### OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Students can have instruction on any other instrument used in orchestra or band. Full particulars can be learned by correspondence.

## BANDS

The college owns a set of band instruments, and for several years has maintained a military band. This meets twice a week. The first term the music selected is very easy, but during the last three terms of the year it is difficult. Some fine selections are learned. The band is frequently called upon to play in public, thus giving the members valuable experience. A beginning band will be organized at the opening of the school year, and also the spring term.

## ORCHESTRA

An orchestra is maintained at all times. This is to provide music for all college entertainments. Students that can play music of grades three and four will be admitted to this free of charge, provided their services are needed.



# DEPARTMENT OF ART

The Art Department is in charge of Mrs. Irene Wheeler Towell. Mrs. Towell has had several years of experience in teaching public school drawing, and is a graduate from the Art Department of the Thomas Normal Training School at Detroit, a school devoted to preparing teachers of the special branches.

The work is presented in the manner most helpful to those intending to teach this subject, and covers all lines of work necessary for the grades and high school.

The general outline of the work might be indicated somewhat as follows:

## Design (Principles)—

Problems, designed to teach the principles of Rhythm, Harmony and Balance, Tone, Shape and Measure.

## Design (Applied)—

Problems in the following mediums: Cardboard, Wood-block, Stencil.

## Color—

Theory of Color, Practice from still life and nature forms, landscape work in the watercolor and crayons. Black and White.

Nature Forms

Outdoor

Perspective

Pose

Charcoal

Indoor

Objects

## Mechanical Drawing—

Geometrical Problems—Orthographic. Projection—Isometric Working Drawings.

## Industrial Work—

Weaving and basketry using yarn, rags, reeds and raffia. Paper cutting and folding.

Blackboard Work:

From dictation

From objects

From memory

Illustrative work

## History of Art—

A study of the History of Ancient, Mediaeval and Modern Art, including the study of Architecture. Picture study will also have a place.

All lines of work necessary for eight grades and high school are presented in these classes. The course includes drawing in pencil, colored crayons and charcoal; water colors in all the grades and blackboard work.

The subjects presented are: Study of type solids, perspective principles, landscape from story and nature, illustrative drawing, animal and figure sketching, flowers, vegetables, fruits and still life. The line of craft work includes designing for book covers, posters, lettering, stenciling, wood-block printing, metal and leather, clay modeling and pottery.

All the work of the course is given with a view to its application to school room conditions, and methods are carefully considered. Private lessons are given in the various subjects, if further study is desired, as well as in oil and china painting.

# REVIEWS

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## EXPLANATION OF CLASSES AND MISCELLANEOUS COURSES.

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MANY STUDENTS DO NOT WISH TO ENTER UPON A REGULAR COURSE. WE ALLOW PERFECT LIBERTY IN SELECTING STUDIES. YOU CAN SELECT A REVIEW COURSE FROM ANY CLASSES OF THE INSTITUTION

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A Wide Choice of Work From the Following Classes, Nearly All of Which Will be Formed Every Term of the Year. Write to Us, Naming the Subjects You Wish

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### THE CLASSES

Grammar (1 or 2 grades), Geography, U. S. History, Arithmetic (2 to 4 grades), Physiology, Penmanship, Algebra (2 to 3 grades), Geometry, Rhetoric, Vocal Music (2 grades), Latin (2 to 3 grades), German (1 to 3 grades), American Literature, English Literature, Psychology, Physics, Methods, Observation, Cooking, Sewing, Agriculture, Manual Training, Shorthand (1 to 2 grades), Typewriting, Stenotypy, Bookkeeping.

**Explanations**—As a help in making a selection of classes for Reviewing, we will explain the work of some of the classes. For the others, see preceding pages of this book.

### ENGLISH GRAMMAR

Our classes in Grammar are always large and enthusiastic. Many experienced teachers come to the Central Normal College especially for the subject. We teach the subject, not the text book. Much attention is now being given to English in all kinds of schools and every student should know grammar as a science. Teachers say that the grammar work in C. N. C. removes their difficulties in teaching the subject.

### ARITHMETIC

Arithmetic is for many young people the most difficult of the common branches. Its great utility in all vocations makes it an essential to even the simplest school course. A knowledge of the subject must, to some degree, be acquired by everyone. It is our intention to make this work the strongest possible. No efforts are spared to accomplish our end. We expect our students to go out strong in this subject.

In no other study is a good teacher more desirable. This was recognized at the beginning of this college, and the faculty has always included two to five superior teachers of Arithmetic.



## GEOGRAPHY

The work is based on the definition, "Geography is the study of the earth as the home of man," and each step is taken in the spirit of this statement. The work does not consist of learning isolated facts, but it finds relations, makes comparisons and attempts to humanize Geography. Many maps are required and topics are assigned to individual students for investigation and the results given to the class in the form of reports.

This is general Geography and shows the relation of industries, wealth and the social condition of the people to the climate and the physiographic features of the country. Some time is given to study of methods, of teaching the subject, and many "type studies" are worked out.

## U. S. HISTORY

Two terms are required in this subject. The subject is organized about the historic elements—time, place and cause and effect. The student is led to see that history is the life of a people; that to see history aright we must know the thought and feelings which prompted the acts of the people; that the civilization of today is the result of long continued growth; that at no time were there great leaps and bounds in the progress, but what seems to be such is but the culmination of years of preparation. The development of our institutions is given a proper place, and the great problems of our history are made to stand out boldly. In the wars more attention is given to the cause and effect, and less to battles. The study of biography is encouraged, and much literary work is required. No single text will cover the class room work. The library is much used for this work.

## GENERAL HISTORY

For those who can not get this work in a regular course, we organize a special class whenever there is sufficient demand. There is always a class the fourth term, and one will be provided at the spring mid-term opening if needed.

## PHYSIOLOGY

This subject is studied with the purpose of giving the student power to take care of his health. The studies in anatomy are made interesting by skeletons and specimens from the butchers and by microscope slides showing the minute structure of tissues. The physiology of organs and systems is illustrated by experiments, and in most classes the student is given an opportunity to see the circulation of blood in the web of a frog's foot. Hygiene receives its full share of attention and the learner is asked to make a greater effort to remember his health directions than to remember the names of obscure muscles.

## PENMANSHIP

In this department we are prepared to meet the demands of the times. "Penmanship is the queen of arts," and its use plays an important part in the daily life of every person. There is no accomplishment more useful or more commendable than to be able to write a strong, legible hand. We have provided teachers for penmanship that are not only good penmen, but specialists in the various branches of the art. The course of study is systematically arranged, and natural and scientific methods are employed, so that every possible facility is offered to enable the student to acquire a legible and rapid handwriting in the shortest time possible.

The methods are based upon carefully graded movement exercises, leading to the production of perfect forms, and taking up the principles, letters, words, sentences and page writing in regular order without any needless analysis or dry theorizing.

There is no extra charge for our complete course in Business Penmanship.

### **SPECIAL CLASS IN PENMANSHIP**

Whenever there is sufficient demand, a special class is organized for those expecting to become expert with the pen, and for those desiring to teach penmanship in college or commercial school.

This class takes up Ornamental Script, Card Writing, Flourishing, Engrossing, Pen Drawing, Pen Lettering and Sign Writing.

For this class there is a small extra tuition charge.

### **VOCAL MUSIC**

The Vocal Music Department sustains two classes every term. The beginning class takes up the rudimentary principles of music and works through the development and transportation of the various keys. Many persons that have studied music enter this class in order to learn the best method of teaching. The advanced class is adapted to students that have completed the work of the beginning class, or its equivalent. It aims chiefly at ability in reading, and rendering higher grades of music. Difficult points in time and expression are carefully explained. Students that apply themselves well through both classes make independent singers and teachers.

### **RHETORIC**

No other part of an education is so essential as that which enables one to read, write and speak. No other defect is so conspicuous as an inability to do these things well. In Rhetoric, more especially than in any other study, can the teacher ascertain wherein the student's previous training has been at fault, and here proper remedies can be applied. Two terms are devoted to the work. Both grades are sustained each term of the year. The student writes an essay each week. This is carefully criticised by the teacher. The members of the class have an opportunity to engage in a debate once each week. At the close of the second term's work a public oration is delivered.

### **AMERICAN LITERATURE**

It is the purpose of this class to familiarize the student with the general field of American Literature, from its modest beginning to the present time. It prepares for the examination as well as for the presentation of the subject in the public schools. We especially desire it to give the student, not only an appreciation of our best authors, but a desire to know them more intimately through their work. Students are taught to read systematically, to cultivate the faculty of appreciation, to enlarge taste rather than to become coldly critical. Independence and originality of thought are always fostered.

### **ENGLISH LITERATURE**

One term is given to the study of the History of English Literature. The authors are taken up and classified, not only by periods, but as poets, dramatists, essayists, etc. This work lays a broad and correct foundation for a life of pleasant and profitable reading and study of the world's best thought. It is our desire that every student should form the reading habit and resolve to possess a library of his own.

### **ADVANCED ENGLISH**

Few schools do more in this work. See the various regular courses for classes in American and English Literature, advanced Rhetoric, advanced Composition, Shakespeare, and the Novel. Students not taking a regular course can enter these classes if prepared to do so.

### **ALGEBRA**

Algebra is not only one of the first of the higher branches studied, but one of the most important. Since this subject serves as an introduction

to the higher mathematics, it is very essential that its principles be thoroughly mastered. No subject receives more careful consideration in our college. Four grades of work are maintained, offering to the student any part of the subject he may desire. For completing the work four terms are required. One of the best ways to gain power of independent thought is to take our course in Algebra. Often the student who has a good knowledge of Arithmetic makes a mistake by too much reviewing in that subject. What he most needs is power to think out for himself arithmetical principles, and this is often more readily and more easily acquired by taking Algebra. He who masters Algebra can master all he ever meets in the line of mathematics. The college offers exceptional advantages not only to those who desire a thorough course in this subject, but those desiring a knowledge sufficient to enable them to present well the work required in the last year of many graded schools.

## GEOMETRY

Many students make a mistake in studying arithmetic too long. The best way to clear up difficult problems is to have a strong term in Plane and Solid Geometry. You will then never be bothered by Mensuration in Arithmetic. It is generally conceded that the best mental drill is derived from the demonstration of Geometrical theorems. In no other study can the language and the thinking habits of the student be so surely made clear and concise. The work in the other studies mentioned above is in every sense practical and thorough. The Central Normal College has established a reputation for making strong classes in these studies, which reputation will be kept up. Our graduates are leading those of other schools in their ability to teach these subjects.

## LATIN

To understand English well one must know the elements of Latin, for most English intellectual terms are of Latin origin. While this study is commonly called Latin, it is in reality the most English of all the languages studied in college. Here is where words are analyzed and become transparent in meaning; here is where we learn to cluster words derived from Latin about a root word; here is where we learn to discriminate in the use of words, and to couch the noble language of ancient Rome into our own vernacular and learn to admire the models which have inspired all great writers and thinkers of modern times.

This language forms a part of the High School, Law and College courses. Classes of several grades are organized each term. Students not taking a regular course will surely find Latin classes to suit them. We can not promise a beginning class every term, but one is organized whenever there is sufficient demand.

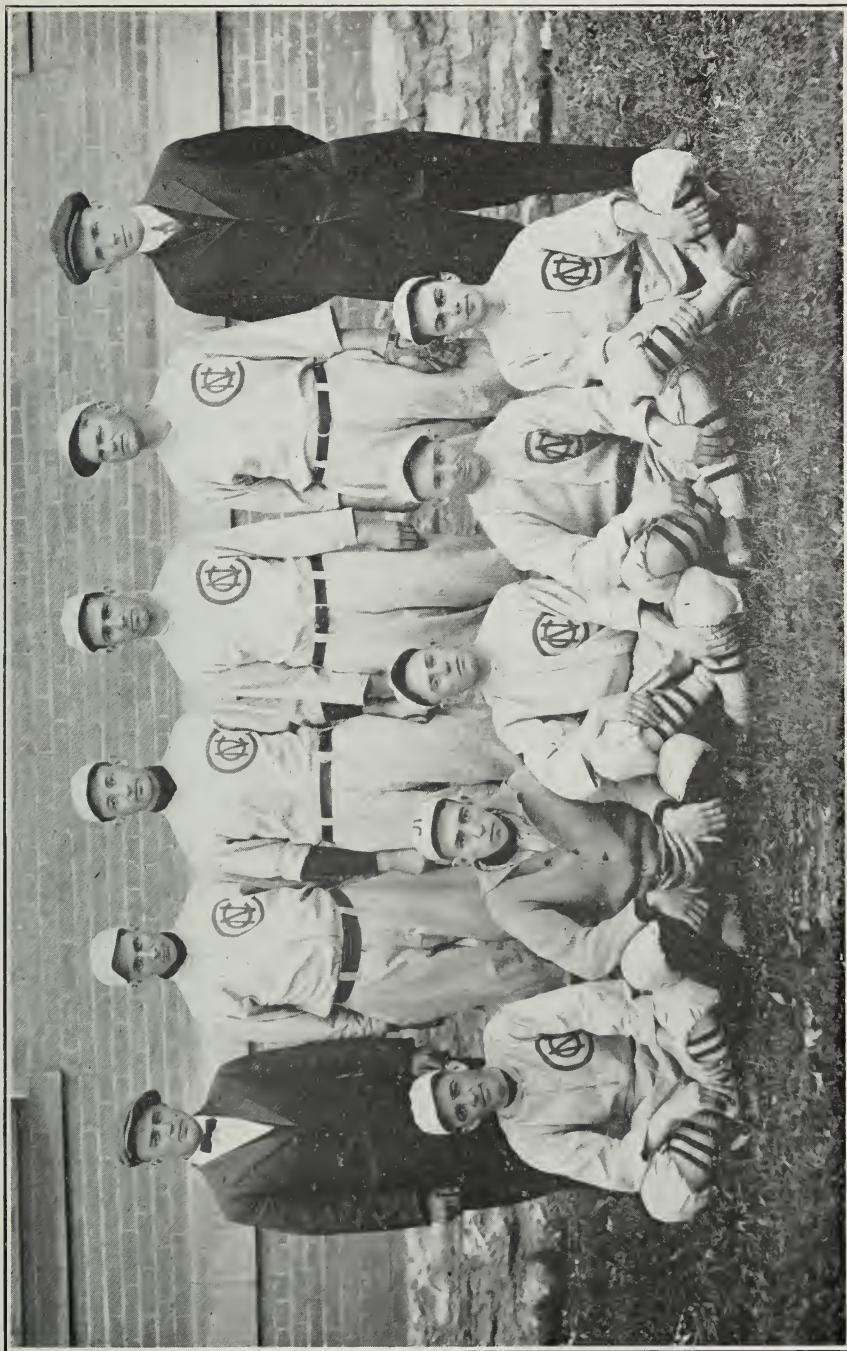
Our Latin students are successful teachers of the subject. Those desiring to prepare to teach it in high schools will find their needs fully met.

## GERMAN

German is the easiest foreign language for an American to learn, because German and English are sister languages, belonging to the Germanic family. A vocabulary in it is quickly acquired, because the Anglo-Saxon part of the English language contains so many words which in both languages are spelled and pronounced nearly alike, so that they will be recognized and understood at once by the eye and ear of the learner. Both languages, in general accent the root words, place the adjectives before the nouns, and form the compound tenses in a similar way.

In many public schools, German is now taught as a regular branch. In many communities it is a great convenience to understand the language sufficiently to do business with German neighbors. In many cities and towns the stores must have German-speaking clerks. German is a desirable study, also, because much of the best literature of the world is in that language.





C. N. C. BASEBALL TEAM 1915





C. N. C. BASKET BALL TEAM, 1914-1915

The Central Normal College provides advantages to all who want German for business purposes, for advanced standing in universities, for its literature and general culture. Conversation, reading, writing, phonetics and singing receive their due attention.

## PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY

Classes are maintained in each subject, every term of the year, there being at least two grades in each. One can find a suitable class almost any term. See previous pages of this book for particulars.

## ASTRONOMY

This comes regularly in the Summer term, but anyone who has studied Geometry and Trigonometry can enter the class. The work is adapted to the wants of the general student. All the obscure things the teacher may meet with in the astronomical part of Geography are made plain. Many of the principal constellations are learned. The class goes out with the telescope to view sun spots, the mountains and plains of the moon, the phases of Venus, Mercury and Mars, the rings of Saturn, the moons and belts of Jupiter, double stars, star clusters and nebulae.

## ZOOLOGY

There are classes the third and fourth terms. As in the other sciences, the subject is outlined. Animals are studied as far as it is profitable to do so. Dissections are made. Animals are classified. A valuable cabinet of shells, fossils and dried specimens is at hand. There are also many alcoholic specimens, including the most important types. The microscopical part of the study is valuable. Pond life is shown in all its varieties and beauty; vorticelli, rotifera, etc., are cultivated in aquariums; circulation of the blood, movements of cilia, development of embryos and other interesting processes are studied. An extensive cabinet of permanent mounts of sections of the various organs of animals and insects is provided. Excursions are made to streams, ponds and thickets. Those who desire are taught how to collect and preserve insects, shells, small mammals, etc.

## BOTANY

Classes are sustained the third and fourth terms of the year, when flowers can be had in abundance. The first lesson usually is an observation of the parts of a flower, each member of the class being provided with a specimen. The technical terms are learned as needed. The entire subject is developed by a strictly natural method of investigation. Students make excursions to study plants where they grow. They analyze many plants that are not discussed in the class. They make collections of leaves, stems and roots, as well as flowers. Whenever necessary the microscopes are brought into use. Pollen, stomata, hairs, epidermal cells; sections of leaves, stems, roots, petiole, ovaries, anthers, etc., in great profusion; diatoms, moulds, smuts and other forms of vegetation are shown in both fresh and permanently prepared mounts. Students possessing microscopes should bring them. This vicinity has a rich flora, nearly all the important types of plants being found in abundance.

## PSYCHOLOGY

In this course a detailed study is made of the various mental processes. The student is required to do a thorough course of reading, supplemented by numerous experiments and illustrations.

Care is taken to avoid making the work abstract and indefinite. It is rather the aim to make the subject interesting and practical. While this course is intended primarily to meet the needs of those desiring to do advanced work, yet it is sufficiently broad in its nature to be of practical value to all.

## DEBATING AND PARLIAMENTARY LAW

But few schools give proper prominence to the above important subjects. We have tried to do our full duty in this respect, and many of our graduates look upon their work in this line as most valuable. We provide classes in Parliamentary Law and organize debating sections for all. It is our aim to have the entire school participate. The work is free to students of the college.

Sufficient debating sections are organized each term to accommodate the school. These are in charge of a special teacher, who meets them for discussions of Parliamentary Law and assigns the questions for debate. A room, warmed and lighted, if necessary, is assigned to each section, the members of which meet at the appointed time, organize, make out their program, and then adjourn for one week, when they meet for the debate. The work is alternated so that each member will act as President, Secretary, or leader of debate at least once during the term. If the section is small, he will fill all of these places.

This is just the drill that each young person should have. Success in debating is not confined to the gentlemen. Very frequently the ladies lead, becoming forcible speakers. Improvements are made in the management of this department each year. Each year we discover something which may be done to increase the efficiency of the work. The results are marvelous.

A study of the general rules governing the acts of Congress, and of smaller bodies, such as literary societies, institutes, conventions and business organizations, has become a prominent feature in connection with our debating; how to make motions and proceed with them, how to be a successful chairman, secretary, or a useful member of an organization, are questions not only discussed, but the students fill the official positions, make motions and dispose of them in the presence of a teacher who continually questions and makes suggestions and criticisms, thus producing not simply theoretical, but practical parliamentarians.

## INTERCOLLEGIATE DEBATING

For several years Debating Teams, selected from the debating societies, have represented the Central Normal College in debating contests with teams from other institutions.

The members have been chosen, after preliminary contests, which were open to all students. These joint debates have proven to be interesting and valuable. They will be continued, under plans formulated by the President of the College.



# STUDENTS OF 1913-14

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## COLLEGE COURSE (A. B.) GRADUATES, 1915

|  |                                 |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Kelley, Lois-----Sullivan, Ind.        | Rund, Lee Otis -----Brown, Ind. |
| Luscomb, Elizabeth-----Hendricks, Ind. | Wood, Waldo -----Clinton, Ind.  |
| McClanahan, A. A. -----Clinton Ind.    |                                 |

## STANDARD NORMAL COURSE GRADUATES, 1915

|                                   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ashley, Leonard-----Warrick, Ind. | Stuckey, W. T.-----Knox, Ind.         |
| Fisher, E. L.-----Dubois, Ind.    | Tadlock, O. R.-----Crawford, Ind.     |
| Rund, Lee Otis -----Brown, Ind.   | Uptdike, Charles C.-----Decatur, Ind. |

## LAW GRADUATES, 1915

|  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Dickman, George F.-----Effingham, Ill. | Hert, John -----Lawrence, Ind. |
| Gilson, Charles H.-----Kearney, Neb.   | Owens, E. E.-----Boone, Ind.   |

## MUSIC GRADUATES, 1914-1915

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Tevis, Erma, Piano-----Rush, Ind.     | Greene, Howard A., Violin_Hendricks, Ind. |
| Cole, Leila M., Voice-----Parke, Ind. |   |

## MUSIC SUPERVISORS GRADUATES, 1914-1915

|                                     |                                       |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Albin, Robert -----Harrison, Ind.   | Reed, Lester -----Hendricks, Ind.     |
| Ellis, Roberta E. -----Dubois, Ind. | Scudder, F. V.-----Switzerland, Ind.  |
| Glasson, M. Lorena -----Parke, Ind. | Stout, Malvin L. -----Hendricks, Ind. |

## BOOKKEEPING GRADUATES, 1914-1915

|                                      |                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Briggs, Winfield-----Kootenai, Idaho | Lundy, James -----Greene, Ind.       |
| Clark, Ethel -----Hendricks, Ind.    | Mendive, Lawrence -----Mexico        |
| Darkes, Lucile -----Hendricks, Ind.  | Mulvihill, Hazel -----Fountain, Ind. |
| Hadley, Monna-----Parke, Ind.        | Ragsdale, Ira -----Boone, Ind.       |
| Hornady, Howard-----Hendricks, Ind.  | Stoneburner, Guy-----Clay, Ind.      |
| Leak, Ruth -----Hendricks, Ind.      | Woods, Huston-----Harrison, Ind.     |
| Long, Sherrill-----Hendricks, Ind.   |                                      |

## SHORTHAND GRADUATES, 1914-1915

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Briggs, Winfield-----Kootenai, Idaho   | Scott, Carrie -----Shelby, Ind.        |
| Clark, Ethel -----Hendricks, Ind.      | Stevens, Anna-----Hendricks, Ind.      |
| Dawson, Otis L.-----Hendricks, Ind.    | Thompson, Bernice -----Hendricks, Ind. |
| Ebaugh, Hattie B.-----Montgomery, Ind. | Tout, Pearl -----Hendricks, Ind.       |
| Huston, Emma -----Grant, Ind.          | Whitaker, Bessie-----Monroe, Ind.      |
| Leak, Ruth -----Hendricks, Ind.        | Williams, Ruby -----Owen, Ind.         |
| Mulvihill, Hazel-----Fountain, Ind.    |  |

## HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, 1914-1915

|                                       |                                   |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Austill, Lloyd-----Warrick, Ind.      | Baker, Ross -----Jennings, Ind.   |
| Armstrong, Bessie -----Lawrence, Ind. | Bigham, John C.-----Dubois, Ind.  |
| Bailey, Glenn H. -----Clinton, Ind.   | Bolerjack, B. W. -----White, Ill. |



|                           |               |                            |                 |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Carmichael, E. I. ....    | Brown, Ind.   | Newbold, Dale L. ....      | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Duncan, F. R. ....        | Putnam, Ind.  | Pickett, Minor ....        | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Hadley, Mayme ....        | Parke, Ind.   | Reed, John ....            | Daviess, Ind.   |
| Heim, Claude ....         | Greene, Ind.  | Stout, Malvin ....         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hood, Merrill ....        | Putnam, Ind.  | Vaughan, Mrs. Lola D. .... | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Hollingsworth, Mamie .... | Putnam, Ind.  | Van Voorhees, Clara ....   | Cook, Ill.      |
| Hufford, Lucy ....        | Clinton, Ind. | Wade, Lavilla ....         | Posey, Ind.     |
| Mendive, Lawrence ....    | Mexico        | Williams, Ruby ....        | Owen, Ind.      |
| Monroe, Ferris ....       | Shelby, Ind.  |                            |                 |

## BOOKKEEPING STUDENTS

|                           |                  |                          |                  |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Baldwin, John ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  | Long, Sherrill ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Brattain, Emory O. ....   | Parke, Ind.      | Lundy, James ....        | Greene, Ind.     |
| Briggs, Winfield S. ....  | Kootenai, Idaho  | Mahoney, G. S. ....      | Montgomery, Ind. |
| Burge, Lyda ....          | Jackson, Ind.    | Mendive, Lawrence ....   | Mexico           |
| Carney, Cordon ....       | Boone, Ind.      | Meridith, Dorothy ....   | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Caylor, Floyd ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  | Mode, George ....        | Crawford, Ind.   |
| Clark, Ethel ....         | Hendricks, Ind.  | Mulvihill, Hazel ....    | Fountain, Ind.   |
| Coughlin, John ....       | Tipton, Ind.     | Newbold, Dale ....       | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Darkes, Lucile ....       | Hendricks, Ind.  | Nordby, Olaf ....        | Sheridan, Mont.  |
| Dickman, George ....      | Effingham, Ill.  | Northway, Robert G. .... | Clay, Ind.       |
| Ebaugh, Hattie B. ....    | Montgomery, Ind. | Ragsdale, Ira ....       | Boone, Ind.      |
| Ellis, Ben ....           | Dubois, Ind.     | Raymond, Warren ....     | Clark, Ind.      |
| Ferguson, Garret ....     | Orange, Ind.     | Reed, John ....          | Daviess, Ind.    |
| Gentry, Wilbur ....       | Hendricks, Ind.  | Reeder, B. E. ....       | Douglas, Ill.    |
| Gibson, V. W. ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  | Richmond, Lelah ....     | Ohio, Ind.       |
| Gulley, Otis E., Jr. .... | Hendricks, Ind.  | Robinson, Jesse ....     | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Hadley, Monna ....        | Parke, Ind.      | Rohm, Homer ....         | Parke, Ind.      |
| Harney, Thomas R. ....    | Hendricks, Ind.  | Russ, John ....          | Pike, Ind.       |
| Hart, Robert ....         | Hendricks, Ind.  | Scott, Carrie ....       | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Hartley, James ....       | Washington, Ind. | Stevens, Walter ....     | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Hays, Ormond ....         | Putnam, Ind.     | Stevenson, B. C. ....    | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Hendrickson, Charles .... | Warrick, Ind.    | Stoneburner, Guy ....    | Clay, Ind.       |
| Hessong, Almyra ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Tansel, Vivian ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Hessong, Paul ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  | Torstenon, E. ....       | Sheridan, Mont.  |
| Holdren, Glen ....        | Fayette, Ohio    | Trinkle, Clyde ....      | Washington, Ind. |
| Holtzclaw, Herschel ....  | Hendricks, Ind.  | Trotter, Hester ....     | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Hornady, Howard ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Vawter, Roy ....         | Jefferson, Ind.  |
| Huston, Emma ....         | Grant, Ind.      | Walker, Raymond ....     | Brown, Ind.      |
| Landis, Noble ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  | Williams, Ruby ....      | Owen, Ind.       |
| Leak, Ruth ....           | Hendricks, Ind.  | Woods, Huston ....       | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Leatherman, Harry ....    | Clark, Ill.      | Wright, Mell ....        | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lindstrum, Hilda ....     | Madison, Ind.    |                          |                  |

## SHORTHAND STUDENTS

|                         |                  |                          |                 |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Briggs, Winfield ....   | Kootenai, Idaho  | Lundy, James ....        | Greene, Ind.    |
| Burge, Lyda ....        | Jackson, Ind.    | Mendive, Lawrence ....   | Mexico          |
| Clark, Ethel ....       | Hendricks, Ind.  | Mulvihill, Hazel ....    | Fountain, Ind.  |
| Darkes, Lucile ....     | Hendricks, Ind.  | Northway, Robert G. .... | Clay, Ind.      |
| Dawson, Otis L. ....    | Hendricks, Ind.  | Polen, Orville R. ....   | Crawford, Ind.  |
| Dickman, George ....    | Effingham, Ill.  | Ragsdale, Ira ....       | Boone, Ind.     |
| Ebaugh, Hattie B. ....  | Montgomery, Ind. | Raymond, Warren ....     | Clark, Ind.     |
| Gilson, Charles H. .... | Kearney, Neb.    | Scott, Carrie ....       | Shelby, Ind.    |
| Hart, Robert A. ....    | Hendricks, Ind.  | Stevens, Anna ....       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hays, Ormond ....       | Putnam, Ind.     | Stoneburner, Guy ....    | Clay, Ind.      |
| Heim, Claude ....       | Greene, Ind.     | Thompson, Bernice ....   | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hessong, Paul ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Tout, Pearl ....         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Huston, Emma ....       | Grant, Ind.      | Whitaker, Bessie ....    | Monroe, Ind.    |
| Kivett, Hazel ....      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Williams, Ruby ....      | Owen, Ind.      |
| Leak, Ruth ....         | Hendricks, Ind.  | Woods, Huston ....       | Harrison, Ind.  |
| Lindstrum, Hilda ....   | Madison, Ind.    |                          |                 |

## TYPEWRITING, 1914-1915

|                    |                  |                   |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Anderson, Grafton  | Greene, Ind.     | Leak, Ruth        | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Abbott, Charles    | Spencer, Ind.    | Lindstrum, Hilda  | Madison, Ind.    |
| Bledsoe, Edm.      | Dubois, Ind.     | Mitchell, Forest  | Madison, Ind.    |
| Brattain, Emory    | Parke, Ind.      | Mulvihill, Hazel  | Fountain, Ind.   |
| Briggs, Winfield   | Kootenai, Idaho  | Mode, George      | Crawford, Ind.   |
| Coughlin, John     | Tipton, Ind.     | Mendive, Lawrence | Mexico           |
| Carmichael, E.     | Brown, Ind.      | Meridith, Dorothy | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Carney, Cordon     | Boone, Ind.      | Nordby, Olaf      | Sheridan, Mont.  |
| Clark, Ethel       | Hendricks, Ind.  | Northway, Robert  | Clay, Ind.       |
| Caylor, Floyd      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Pattison, Albert  | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Darkes, Lucile     | Hendricks, Ind.  | Polen, O. R.      | Crawford, Ind.   |
| Dickman, George F. | Effingham, Ill.  | Raymond, Warren   | Clark, Ind.      |
| Ebaugh, Hattie     | Montgomery, Ind. | Rust, Madge       | Spencer, Ind.    |
| Ellis, Ben         | Dubois, Ind.     | Russ, John        | Pike, Ind.       |
| Ferguson, Hunter   | Spencer, Ind.    | Roach, Ben        | Martin, Ind.     |
| Ferguson, Garrett  | Orange, Ind.     | Ragsdale, Ira V.  | Boone, Ind.      |
| Hornaday, Helen    | Hendricks, Ind.  | Rohm, Homer       | Parke, Ind.      |
| Heitmeyer, Elza    | Clay, Ill.       | Scott, Carrie     | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Hart, Robert       | Hendricks, Ind.  | Stoneburner, Guy  | Clay, Ind.       |
| Hert, Arie         | Lawrence, Ind.   | Sears, Emmet      | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Hessong, Almyra    | Hendricks, Ind.  | Trinkle, Clyde    | Washington, Ind. |
| Hessong, Paul      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Torstenon, E. E.  | Sheridan, Mont.  |
| Hays, Ormond       | Putnam, Ind.     | Tout, Pearl       | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Huston, Emma       | Grant, Ind.      | Talbott, Grace    | Spencer, Ind.    |
| Kivett, Hazel      | Hendricks, Ind.  | Williams, Ruby    | Owen, Ind.       |
| Lundy, James       | Greene, Ind.     | Wood, Huston      | Harrison, Ind.   |

## STENOTYPE STUDENTS, 1914-1915

|                   |               |                |               |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Mitchell, Forest  | Madison, Ind. | Scott, Carrie  | Shelby, Ind.  |
| Meridith, Dorothy | Clinton, Ind. | Talbott, Grace | Spencer, Ind. |
| Rust, Madge       | Spencer, Ind. |                |               |

## PIANO

|                     |                   |                    |                 |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Ashley, Grace       | Warrick, Ind.     | Huff, Irene        | Spencer, Ind.   |
| Ayers, Mary         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Kelley, Mrs. Ollie | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Bardonner, Lola     | Hamilton, Ind.    | Kiser, Ethel       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Barley, Flossie E.  | Davies, Ind.      | Landis, Noble      | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Barrett, Mrs. A. G. | Hendricks, Ind.   | Leak, Elsie        | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Baird, Nancy        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Long, Gladys       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Best, Argelia       | Harrison, Ind.    | Long, Edna         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Beck, Dova          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Lotich, Minnie     | Harrison, Ind.  |
| Brill, Lorene       | Hendricks, Ind.   | Martin, Arpha      | Parke, Ind.     |
| Burgess, Mamie      | Hendricks, Ind.   | Marting, Grace     | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Cole, Leila M.      | Parke, Ind.       | Marting, Nelle     | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Comer, Mae          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Marshall, Chez D.  | Shelby, Ind.    |
| Coombs, Veda        | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCoun, Alice      | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Crawley, Verna      | Hendricks, Ind.   | McClain, Harriet   | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Daugherty, Ruth     | Hendricks, Ind.   | McClellan, Blanche | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Davis, Eula         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Milan, Mary L.     | Marion, Ind.    |
| Egnew, Mrs. D. L.   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Moore, Mrs. Leona  | Brown, Ind.     |
| Grooms, Mary        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Mosier, Ruth       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Ground, Fay         | Owen, Ind.        | Orr, Francis       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hoehn, Leah         | Bartholomew, Ind. | Owen, Ruth         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Harrison, Mildred   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Owens, Blanche     | Boone, Ind.     |
| Hessler, Marjorie   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Owens, Iva         | Boone, Ind.     |
| Hinshaw, Zula       | Henry, Ind.       | Powell, Jessie     | Pike, Ind.      |
| Houseman, Mayme     | Spencer, Ind.     | Redicker, Pauline  | Jackson, Ind.   |

|                        |                 |                            |                 |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Rohm, Homer -----      | Parke, Ind.     | Stuart, Leona -----        | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Rogers, Jeanette ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Surber, Lucy -----         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Sallust, Karroll ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Swindler, Cora -----       | Boone, Ind.     |
| Simmons, Anna -----    | Hendricks, Ind. | Tevis, Erma -----          | Rush, Ind.      |
| Simmons, Elma -----    | Hendricks, Ind. | Wagner, Louise -----       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Smith, Mayme -----     | Putnam, Ind.    | Wheeler, Mrs. Forest ----- | Perry, Ind.     |
| Strickler, Mary -----  | Hendricks, Ind. | Whitehead, Naurine -----   | Perry, Ind.     |

## MUSIC SUPERVISORS COURSE

|                         |                 |                           |                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Albin, Robert -----     | Harrison, Ind.  | McDonald, Carroll -----   | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Bussell, Thelma -----   | Hancock, Ind.   | McPheeters, Anna B. ----- | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Ellis, Roberta E. ----- | Dubois, Ind.    | Reed, Lester -----        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Glasson, M. Rena -----  | Parke, Ind.     | Scudder, Fred V. -----    | Switzerland, Ind. |
| Hufford, Lucy -----     | Clinton, Ind.   | Skelton, Love -----       | Parke, Ind.       |
| Hovermale, Glen -----   | Hendricks, Ind. | Soper, Lelah -----        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Lawson, Kate -----      | Hendricks, Ind. | Stout, Malvin -----       | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Marshall, Blanche ----- | Warrick, Ind.   |                           |                   |

## VIOLIN

|                          |                 |                         |                 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Ashby, James -----       | Hendricks, Ind. | Kreigh, Josephine ----- | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Bratton, Glen -----      | Hendricks, Ind. | Miller, Harley -----    | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Green, Howard A. -----   | Hendricks, Ind. | Moore, Noel -----       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Haynes, Georgia -----    | Hendricks, Ind. | Petro, Herbert -----    | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Heitmeyer, Elza A. ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Ragsdale, Ira V. -----  | Boone, Ind.     |

## VOICE

|                        |                   |                         |                 |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Bryan, Rose B. -----   | Clinton, Ind.     | McDaniel, Ruth -----    | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Cole, Leila M. -----   | Parke, Ind.       | McDonald, Carroll ----- | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Easley, Kenneth -----  | Hendricks, Ind.   | Milan, Mary -----       | Marion, Ind.    |
| Glasson, M. Rena ----- | Parke, Ind.       | Moore, Leona -----      | Brown, Ind.     |
| Hager, Marie -----     | Bartholomew, Ind. | Ratliff, Lelia -----    | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hamrick, Dorothy ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Rohm, Homer -----       | Parke, Ind.     |
| Marting, Nova -----    | Hendricks, Ind.   | Tevis, Erma -----       | Rush, Ind.      |
| Marting, Mabel -----   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wineinger, Maud -----   | Dubois, Ind.    |

## CORNET

|                    |                 |                        |                  |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Ayers, Raoul ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Myers, Walter L. ----- | Warren, Ind.     |
| Jones, Dola -----  | Hendricks, Ind. | Slusser, Harry -----   | Clark, Ill.      |
| Larm, Ethel -----  | Warren, Ind.    | Trinkle, Clyde -----   | Washington, Ind. |

## CLARINET

|                       |                 |                       |                 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Green, Darrell -----  | Clark, Ill.     | Kephart, Thomas ----- | Morgan, Ind.    |
| Hovermale, Glen ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Marting, Mabel -----  | Hendricks, Ind. |

## MANDOLIN

|                      |                 |                     |               |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Harris, Robert ----- | Hendricks, Ind. | Rypma, Claska ----- | Johnson, Ind. |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|

## TUBA

|                    |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Hart, Robert ----- | Hendricks, Ind. |
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## PICCOLO

|                       |                 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Gilbert, Morris ----- | Hendricks, Ind. |
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## ALTO

Leak, Jewell-----Hendricks, Ind.

## HARMONY

Hoehm, Leah-----Bartholomew, Ind.

## GENERAL LIST, 1914-1915

|                               |                   |                               |                  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Abbott, Charles W.-----       | Spencer, Ind.     | Beabout, Estal -----          | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Adams, Guy -----              | Monroe, Ind.      | Beaman, Ines -----            | Owen, Ind.       |
| Adams, Mayo W. -----          | Crawford, Ill.    | Beatty, Grace -----           | Jennings, Ind.   |
| Ader, Ethel -----             | Putnam, Ind.      | Beanblossom, Stella -----     | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Ader, Mary -----              | Putnam, Ind.      | Bedel, Mary -----             | Jackson, Ind.    |
| Akin, Mae -----               | Monroe, Ind.      | Belles, Charles -----         | Fountain, Ind.   |
| Albin, Robert -----           | Harrison, Ind.    | Bennett, Leota -----          | Greene, Ind.     |
| Alexander, Albert B. -----    | Coles, Ill.       | Bennett, Nelson -----         | Greene, Ind.     |
| Alexander, Hattie -----       | Dubois, Ind.      | Best, Argelia -----           | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Alkire, Ruth -----            | Boone, Ind.       | Best, Charles -----           | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Allbright, Prepple -----      | Parke, Ind.       | Beck, Dova -----              | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Allee, Lois -----             | Owen, Ind.        | Bidgood, A. L. -----          | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Allee, Lucile -----           | Owen, Ind.        | Bigham, A. L. -----           | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Allee, Marie -----            | Putnam, Ind.      | Bigham, John C. -----         | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Allen, Cora -----             | Brown, Ind.       | Blackford, Paul -----         | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Allison, Harry -----          | Wayne, Ill.       | Blackman, Reba -----          | Washington, Ind. |
| Ames, Albert T. -----         | Parke, Ind.       | Blackwell, Alma -----         | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Amick, Cecil C. -----         | Jennings, Ind.    | Blaine, Clarence V. -----     | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Amos, Nelson T. -----         | Clinton, Ind.     | Blankenbaker, Foster A. ----- | Washington, Ind. |
| Anderson, Grafton -----       | Greene, Ind.      | Bledsoe, Edm. -----           | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Anderson, Mary E. -----       | Bartholomew, Ind. | Blue, Orville -----           | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Andis, Ira -----              | Martin, Ind.      | Blunk, Nettie -----           | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Andrews, Myrtle -----         | Morgan, Ind.      | Blunk, Osceola -----          | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Armstrong, Bessie Marie ----- | Lawrence, Ind.    | Bobbitt, Archie N. -----      | Crawford, Ind.   |
| Arnold, Jessie M. -----       | Hendricks, Ind.   | Bonebrake, Fred -----         | Warren, Ind.     |
| Arthur, Lee -----             | Morgan, Ind.      | Borders, Florence -----       | Benton, Ind.     |
| Asbell, Ernest B. -----       | Martin, Ind.      | Boswell, John -----           | Ripley, Ind.     |
| Ashby, Blanche -----          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Boswell, Verna -----          | Ripley, Ind.     |
| Ashby, James -----            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Boss, Elvis M. -----          | Washington, Ind. |
| Ashley, Grace -----           | Warrick, Ind.     | Botkin, Ola -----             | Monroe, Ind.     |
| Ashley, Leonard -----         | Warrick, Ind.     | Bough, Rebecca -----          | Martin, Ind.     |
| Ashley, Maudie -----          | Warrick, Ind.     | Boughton, Ruby -----          | Marion, Ind.     |
| Ashley, Sylvia -----          | Warrick, Ind.     | Bowman, Noah -----            | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Atkins, Elzo D. -----         | Crawford, Ind.    | Bowyer, Harry M. -----        | Clark, Ind.      |
| Austill, Lloyd -----          | Warrick, Ind.     | Bradley, Jessie -----         | Sullivan, Ind.   |
| Avery, Kashner R. -----       | Clinton, Ind.     | Brand, Hiram -----            | Brown, Ind.      |
| Avery, Lucile -----           | Tipton, Ind.      | Branstetter, Louis -----      | Greene, Ind.     |
| Ayers, Raoul -----            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Brattain, Emory O. -----      | Parke, Ind.      |
| Ayers, Mary -----             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Bratton, Glen -----           | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Bagshaw, James E. -----       | Washington, Ind.  | Bratton, Lorin L. -----       | Vermillion, Ind. |
| Bailey, Glen S. -----         | Clinton, Ind.     | Brengle, Fred E. -----        | Montgomery, Ind. |
| Baker, Clara -----            | Jennings, Ind.    | Bridges, Mary -----           | Jennings, Ind.   |
| Baker, Ross -----             | Jennings, Ind.    | Briggs, Winfield -----        | Kootenai, Idaho  |
| Baker, J. Herman -----        | Washington, Ind.  | Brinkerhoff, Clyde -----      | Edgar, Ill.      |
| Baker, Ruth -----             | Washington, Ind.  | Brill, Lorene -----           | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Baker, M. J. -----            | Spencer, Ind.     | Brock, Winnie -----           | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Baldwin, John -----           | Hendricks, Ind.   | Brown, Faye -----             | Montgomery, Ind. |
| Baird, Nancy -----            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Brown, Carroll -----          | Putnam, Ind.     |



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|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Ball, Orlando         | Greene, Ind.      | Comer, Earl            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Bardonner, Lola       | Hamilton, Ind.    | Comer, Myrtle Mae      | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Barker, Eulala        | Montgomery, Ind.  | Commons, Tennis        | Parke, Ind.       |
| Barker, Ethel         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Condon, Harry A.       | Johnson, Ind.     |
| Barker, Eunice E.     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Connelly, George       | Parke, Ind.       |
| Barker, Grace         | Brown, Ind.       | Connelly, Rhoda        | Parke, Ind.       |
| Barker, Ruth          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Conner, Mrs. Ira W.    | Clinton, Ind.     |
| Barrett, Mrs. A. G.   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Conrad, Freda          | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Barksdale, Maysel     | Washington, Ind.  | Cooley, L. S.          | Lawrence, Ill.    |
| Barley, Flossie E.    | Davies, Ind.      | Coolman, Juanita       | Boone, Ind.       |
| Barnes, Emphor        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Coombs, Veda           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Barnes, Enos          | Brown, Ind.       | Cooper, Charles L.     | Vermillion, Ill.  |
| Barnes, John H.       | Decatur, Ind.     | Coughlin, John Anthony | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Barnes, J. Fred       | Harrison, Ind.    | Cox, Anna E.           | Orange, Ind.      |
| Brown, Roy            | Greene, Ind.      | Cox, Sylvia            | Orange, Ind.      |
| Bryan, Rose Blanche   | Clinton, Ind.     | Cradic, Joy            | Owen, Ind.        |
| Bunnell, Vera         | Montgomery, Ind.  | Cradick, Fayne         | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Burge, Elmer          | Jackson, Ind.     | Craigie, Edna          | Scott, Ind.       |
| Burge, Lyda           | Jackson, Ind.     | Crane, Mary            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Burke, Mary C.        | Perry, Ind.       | Crawley, Verna         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Buser, John H.        | Crawford, Ill.    | Crayton, Sherman       | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Busick, Roscoe        | Orange, Ind.      | Crisler, Ralph         | Marion, Ind.      |
| Bussell, Thelma       | Hancock, Ind.     | Crodian, Paul          | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Butcher, Alta         | Monroe, Ind.      | Crooks, Blanche        | Parke, Ind.       |
| Butcher, Clyde O.     | Hamilton, Ind.    | Crosier, Harold W.     | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Butterfield, Carl S.  | Delaware, Ind.    | Cross, Howard          | Pike, Ind.        |
| Burgess, Mamie        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Crouch, Oddie, Jr.     | Brown, Ind.       |
| Callahan, Agnes       | Lawrence, Ind.    | Cummings, Willie       | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Casada, Ida M.        | Bartholomew, Ind. | Cunningham, Leah       | Martin, Ind.      |
| Callis, Margaret      | Parke, Ind.       | Dale, Lora V.          | Boone, Ind.       |
| Campbell, Lessie F.   | Jennings, Ind.    | Darkes, Lucile         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Campbell, Faye        | Monroe, Ind.      | Daugherty, Samuel      | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Carmichael, Dolph     | Jackson, Ind.     | David, Shirley         | Brown, Ind.       |
| Carmichael, Ernest E. | Brown, Ind.       | Davis, Chester V.      | Warrick, Ind.     |
| Carmichael, Ernest I. | Brown, Ind.       | Davis, Harrie          | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Carmichael, Vernal H. | Brown, Ind.       | Davis, Mary M.         | Jennings, Ind.    |
| Carney, Cordon        | Boone, Ind.       | Davis, Mamie           | Washington, Ind.  |
| Carothers, Otto       | Martin, Ind.      | Davis, Margie M.       | Washington, Ind.  |
| Carter, Homer         | Perry, Ind.       | Davis, Opal            | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Carter, Jean V.       | Tipton, Ind.      | Davis, Roy             | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Casey, Elizabeth      | Union, Ind.       | Davis, Ruby            | Washington, Ind.  |
| Casey, E. Walter      | Fayette, Ill.     | Davis, Eula            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Cast, Lulia Mae       | Clinton, Ind.     | Davisson, Clarence D.  | Cass, Ind.        |
| Caylor, Floyd         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Dawson, Edward         | Sullivan, Ind.    |
| Chambers, Rolla       | Lawrence, Ind.    | Dawson, Leroy          | Jefferson, Ind.   |
| Clark, Ethel          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Dawson, Mabel          | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Clark, Wanda          | Brown, Ind.       | Dawson, Otis           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Cline, Mae            | Morgan, Ind.      | Daugherty, Ruth        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Clodfelter, Glen      | Putnam, Ind.      | Deckard, Mary          | Monroe, Ind.      |
| Coats, Frank          | Washington, Ind.  | Deer, Vern T.          | Boone, Ind.       |
| Coats, Marshall       | Washington, Ind.  | Demaree, Delzie        | Ripley, Ind.      |
| Collins, W. F.        | Hendricks, Ind.   | DeMotte, Garnett       | Pike, Ind.        |
| Cochran, Earl         | Shelby, Ind.      | DeMotte, Phoebe        | Pike, Ind.        |
| Coers, Eathel         | Rush, Ind.        | Dennerline, Blanche    | Bartholomew, Ind. |
| Coffey, Russell R.    | Owen, Ind.        | De Pew, Louise         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Cohee, Lucy M.        | Clinton, Ind.     | Deweese, Edwin         | Morgan, Ind.      |
| Cole, Conor           | Lawrence, Ind.    | Dickman, George F.     | Effingham, Ill.   |
| Cole, Leila M.        | Parke, Ind.       | Diehl, Eva             | Washington, Ind.  |
| Collett, Ethel        | Madison, Ind.     | Dodd, Charles A.       | Lawrence, Ind.    |
| Collier, Charles A.   | Monroe, Ind.      | Dodds, Norinne         | Monroe, Ind.      |
| Collier, Maude        | Lawrence, Ind.    | Dooley, Daisy D.       | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Collins, Von          | Dubois, Ind.      | Dowell, Bertha         | Martin, Ind.      |

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|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Downey, Dollie      | Owen, Ind.        | Gibson, Edison           | Perry, Ind.       |
| Driver, Mrs. Grace  | Hendricks, Ind.   | Gibson, Forrest D.       | Owen, Ind.        |
| Duncan, Floyd       | Putnam, Ind.      | Gibson, V. W.            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Dunn, Denzel        | Clinton, Ind.     | Gilbert, Morris          | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Dye, Earl           | Boone, Ind.       | Gilson, Charles H.       | Kearney, Neb.     |
| Easley, Kenneth     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Glasson, Rena M.         | Parke, Ind.       |
| Easton, Effie       | Monroe, Ind.      | Glenn, J. L.             | Perry, Ind.       |
| Ebaugh, Hattie B.   | Montgomery, Ind.  | Glick, Urma              | Bartholomew, Ind. |
| Eicher, Bernice     | Orange, Ind.      | Golden, Fern             | Marion, Ind.      |
| Eicher, Jamie       | Orange, Ind.      | Goodacre, Annis          | Warren, Ind.      |
| Egnew, Mrs. D. L.   | Hendricks, Ind.   | Goodpasture, Esta        | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Eggers, Cecil       | Putnam, Ind.      | Gardner, Charles R.      | Perry, Ind.       |
| Elkins, Minnie B.   | Dubois, Ind.      | Gould, Opal              | Washington, Ind.  |
| Ellis, Ben          | Dubois, Ind.      | Gray, Harry              | Clark, Ind.       |
| Ellis, Roberta E.   | Dubois, Ind.      | Gray, Mary               | Jefferson, Ind.   |
| Ellwanger, Walter   | Harrison, Ind.    | Graves, Maude            | Clark, Ind.       |
| Elrod, Mabel L.     | Washington, Ind.  | Graves, Mrs. Tida E.     | Clark, Ind.       |
| Elrod, Ola          | Orange, Ind.      | Green, Darrell           | Clark, Ill.       |
| Elrod, W. B.        | Putnam, Ind.      | Greene, Grace            | Martin, Ind.      |
| Elzea, Edith        | Bartholomew, Ind. | Grinstead, Cuma          | Jennings, Ind.    |
| Everett, Gertrude   | Knox, Ind.        | Grooms, Mary             | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Ewing, Dixie        | Perry, Ind.       | Grossman, Edward         | Vanderburg, Ind.  |
| Faith, Dora A.      | Harrison, Ind.    | Ground, Fay              | Greene, Ind.      |
| Faris, Forest W.    | Martin, Ind.      | Grubbs, Dewey            | Monroe, Ind.      |
| Farrell, Leo M.     | Boone, Ind.       | Greenlee, Bonnie         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Fenters, Belle      | Warren, Ind.      | Gulley, Otis E., Jr.     | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Ferguson, Garrett   | Orange, Ind.      | Gunkel, William          | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Ferguson, Harvey    | Switzerland, Ind. | Guthrie, Bessie          | Washington, Ind.  |
| Ferguson, Hunter    | Spencer, Ind.     | Gwin, Mary E.            | Lawrence, Ind.    |
| Ferguson, Mary      | White, Ind.       | Harrison, Bennie L.      | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Ferris, Harvey C.   | Shelby, Ind.      | Harrison, Mildred        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Fidler, Ella M.     | Morgan, Ind.      | Harrison, Charles E.     | Parke, Ind.       |
| Fields, Austin      | Greene, Ind.      | Hays, Harry              | Monroe, Ind.      |
| Fine, Myron L.      | Boone, Ind.       | Hays, Ormond             | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Figg, Grace         | Monroe, Ind.      | Hall, Ortha              | Lawrence, Ind.    |
| Fink, Everet        | Boone, Ind.       | Hall, Nada               | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Fink, Leland        | Putnam, Ind.      | Hawkins, Leland          | Monroe, Ind.      |
| Finley, Max         | Lawrence, Ind.    | Hawkins, Charles Russell | Marion, Ind.      |
| Fisher, E. L.       | Dubois, Ind.      | Harris, Helen            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Fisher, Mabel       | Gibson, Ind.      | Harris, Robert           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Fleener, Ray        | Brown, Ind.       | Hamilton, Allen T.       | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Floyd, Alonzo       | Washington, Ind.  | Hamilton, Leverett       | Clay, Ind.        |
| Foddril, Cecil      | Dubois, Ind.      | Harter, J. B.            | Spencer, Ind.     |
| Foertsch, Oscar     | Spencer, Ind.     | Harter, Mrs. J. B.       | Spencer, Ind.     |
| Fogal, A. L.        | Harrison, Ind.    | Harding, Preston         | Perry, Ind.       |
| Fogarty, Thomas     | Shelby, Ind.      | Harding, Mrs. Florence   | Perry, Ind.       |
| Forsythe, Blanche   | Benton, Ind.      | Harlan, Lida             | Fayette, Ind.     |
| Foster, Earl M.     | Tipton, Ind.      | Harlan, Mary L.          | Fayette, Ind.     |
| Fowler, Ursa        | Montgomery, Ind.  | Hartman, Pearle          | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Fowler, Vera        | Benton, Ind.      | Hartman, Elbridge G.     | Parke, Ind.       |
| Frank, Mary         | Harrison, Ind.    | Hartman, Margaret        | Parke, Ind.       |
| Fuson, William A.   | Jasper, Ill.      | Hadley, Mayme            | Parke, Ind.       |
| Gaiser, Lawrence M. | Monroe, Ind.      | Hadley, Wendell W.       | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Gaither, Esther     | Montgomery, Ind.  | Hadley, Ivalue           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Galey, Marguerite   | Montgomery, Ind.  | Hadley, Herschel A.      | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Garis, Ruby         | Jackson, Ind.     | Hastings, Mary           | Daviess, Ind.     |
| Garloch, Ernest     | Jackson, Ind.     | Hastings, Laura          | Daviess, Ind.     |
| Gaylord, George A.  | Benton, Ind.      | Harney, Thomas R.        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Gentry, Cordis      | Hendricks, Ind.   | Harvey, Eura             | Boone, Ind.       |
| Gentry, Raymond     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Haskett, Blanche         | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Gentry, Wilbur      | Hendricks, Ind.   | Hauser, John R.          | Owen, Ind.        |
| Gibson, David O.    | Lawrence, Ind.    | Harshbarger, Ernest E.   | Boone, Ind.       |

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|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Hager, Marie             | Bartholomew, Ind. | Horton, Grace E.      | Cass, Ind.      |
| Hart, Robert             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Huston, Emma          | Grant, Ind.     |
| Hatfield, Annette        | Perry, Ind.       | Hull, Guy             | Warrick, Ind.   |
| Hancock, Ina             | Owen, Ind.        | Hull, Walter R.       | Warrick, Ind.   |
| Haehl, J. Walter         | Shelby, Ind.      | Hull, Forrest C.      | Hamilton, Ohio  |
| Harrell, Ola             | Lawrence, Ind.    | Hurley, Claude        | Jackson, Ind.   |
| Hartley, James           | Washington, Ind.  | Hurley, Vesta         | Jackson, Ind.   |
| Hayden, Claude           | Perry, Ind.       | Huff, Hobart          | Martin, Ind.    |
| Heim, Claude H.          | Greene, Ind.      | Huff, Irene           | Spencer, Ind.   |
| Henry, Hubert            | Crawford, Ind.    | Huffman, Mary A.      | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Hession, Frances         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Hussey, Martha Eunice | Hamilton, Ind.  |
| Herekamp, Phenia         | Jackson, Ind.     | Hunt, Lester          | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Heitmeyer, Elza A.       | Clay, Ill.        | Hutchinson, Mae       | Warrick, Ind.   |
| Hert, John A.            | Lawrence, Ind.    | Hufford, Lucy         | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Hert, Arie               | Lawrence, Ind.    | Ivan, Randal          | Lawrence, Ind.  |
| Hert, Zella              | Lawrence, Ind.    | Irick, Justin         | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Hert, May                | Lawrence, Ind.    | Ingram, Mabel         | Orange, Ind.    |
| Hert, Cora               | Lawrence, Ind.    | Jackson, Amos         | Shelby, Ind.    |
| Hert, Maud               | Lawrence, Ind.    | James, Lena           | Perry, Ind.     |
| Hert, Adda               | Lawrence, Ind.    | James, Louis E.       | Perry, Ind.     |
| Hert, Bessie             | Lawrence, Ind.    | James, Cordell        | Warrick, Ind.   |
| Hessong, Paul M.         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Jackson, Ransome      | Knox, Ind.      |
| Hessong, Almyra          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Jackson, Gladys       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hessler, Marjorie        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Jollief, John H.      | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hendrickson, Orvel       | Morgan, Ind.      | Jones, H. Wheeler     | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Hendrickson, Charles     | Warrick, Ind.     | Jones, C. Ray         | Crawford, Ind.  |
| Hendrickson, Blanche     | Marion, Ind.      | Jones, S. D.          | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Henderson, Reitzel       | Hendricks, Ind.   | Jones, Mrs. S. D.     | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Henderson, Virgil R.     | Brown, Ind.       | Jones, Dola           | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hedge, Oral              | Hendricks, Ind.   | Jones, Earl           | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hedges, Clyde            | Warrick, Ind.     | Jorden, Paul          | Boone, Ind.     |
| Hedges, Stoy             | Harrison, Ind.    | Johnson, L. A.        | Jackson, Ind.   |
| Hill, Zilpha             | Hamilton, Ind.    | Johnson, Everett      | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Hicks, Mabel             | Putnam, Ind.      | Johnston, Everett     | Warren, Ind.    |
| Hinshaw, Zula            | Henry, Ind.       | Johnston, Lorene      | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hite, Edna M.            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Johnston, Clara M.    | Benton, Ind.    |
| Hildebrand, John H.      | Harrison, Ind.    | Kahl, A. J.           | Clark, Ind.     |
| Hinman, Edith            | Posey, Ind.       | Kaltenbach, Blanche   | Jennings, Ind.  |
| Hostetler, Emil          | Decatur, Ind.     | Kail, Hazel           | Martin, Ind.    |
| Hostetler, Conn E.       | Decatur, Ind.     | Kay, Vinson           | Owen, Ind.      |
| Hoehn, Leah              | Bartholomew, Ind. | Kay, Bertha           | Owen, Ind.      |
| Hoeker, Anna             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Key, Raymond          | Putnam, Ind.    |
| Hon, John L.             | White, Ill.       | Ketenbrink, Catherine | Ohio, Ind.      |
| Hodshire, Mary           | Montgomery, Ind.  | Kephart, Thomas I.    | Morgan, Ind.    |
| Hoffner, Freta           | Ohio, Ind.        | Kelley, Lois          | Sullivan, Ind.  |
| Holler, Harley           | Morgan, Ind.      | Kelley, Mayme         | Harrison, Ind.  |
| Hopper, Gwenn            | Brown, Ind.       | Kelley, Ollie Wood    | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hord, Irene              | Jefferson, Ind.   | Kennedy, Beulah       | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Hollingsworth, Elizabeth | Marion, Ind.      | Kennedy, James        | Owen, Ind.      |
| Howell, Vivian           | Scott, Ind.       | Kennedy, Howard       | Morgan, Ind.    |
| Housman, Mayme Abbott    | Spencer, Ind.     | Kiser, Leota          | Warren, Ind.    |
| Holiday, James R.        | Harrison, Ind.    | Kiser, Ethel          | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Holdren, Glen            | Fayette, Ohio.    | Kincaid, Nara         | Boone, Ind.     |
| Holmes, Eugene           | Shelby, Ind.      | Kivett, Hazel         | Hendricks, Ind. |
| Holmes, Gertrude         | Harrison, Ind.    | Kingery, Mabel        | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Hope, Paul R.            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Kingery, Clarence     | Clinton, Ind.   |
| Hornady, Howard B.       | Hendricks, Ind.   | Kinder, Raymond       | Jennings, Ind.  |
| Hovermale, Glen          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Kinder, Forrest       | Jennings, Ind.  |
| Holtzclaw, Herschel      | Hendricks, Ind.   | King, Floyd           | Boone, Ind.     |
| Hood, Merrill L.         | Putnam, Ind.      | Kirkham, Wayne        | Harrison, Ind.  |

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|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Kirkham, Willett        | Harrison, Ind.    | Martin, Ira               | Decatur, Ind.    |
| Kirk, Mary              | Hendricks, Ind.   | Martin, Elsie             | Parke, Ind.      |
| Kirk, Lloyd             | Greene, Ind.      | Martin, John W.           | Washington, Ind. |
| Knight, Ralph           | Decatur, Ind.     | Martin, Mary G.           | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Kopp, Otto C.           | Harrison, Ind.    | Martin, Maude             | Parke, Ind.      |
| Kuykendall, L. N.       | White, Ill.       | Martin, Arpha             | Parke, Ind.      |
| Lawson, Kate            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Manning, Lucy Margaret    | Christian, Ill.  |
| Landis, J. Noble        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Manning, Lawrence         | Christian, Ill.  |
| Lawson, Eula            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Mason, Marion A.          | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Landreth, J. Russell    | Hendricks, Ind.   | Mason, Herbert W.         | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Larm, Ethel             | Warren, Ind.      | Marting, Mabel            | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lamb, Maggie            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Marting, Grace            | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lackey, Mary E.         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Marting, Wilma            | Perry, Ind.      |
| Ledgerwood, John        | Daviss, Ind.      | Marting, Nova             | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Leachman, Gail          | Putnam, Ind.      | Marting, Nelle            | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lemmon, Pearl           | Harrison, Ind.    | Marshall, Chez D.         | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Letsinger, Marie        | Clay, Ind.        | Marshall, Blanche         | Warrick, Ind.    |
| Letsinger, Olive        | Clay, Ind.        | Marshall, Olive           | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Lewis, May              | Morgan, Ind.      | Marshall, Elvin           | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Leachman, Mrs. Margaret | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCord, Lillie R.         | Warren, Ind.     |
| Leatherman, Harry       | Clark, Ill.       | McClanahan, A. A.         | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Leak, Jewell            | Hendricks, Ind.   | McNamara, Ray             | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Leak, Ruth              | Hendricks, Ind.   | McBride, Freal H.         | Owen, Ind.       |
| Leak, Elsie             | Hendricks, Ind.   | McKinney, J. E.           | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Leonard, Lee W.         | Putnam, Ind.      | McCarty, Frances          | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Little, C. J.           | Fayette, Ind.     | McCullough, Harold T.     | Decatur, Ind.    |
| Lind, Edith A.          | Greene, Ind.      | McClellan, Blanche        | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lincoln, Homer          | Crawford, Ind.    | McGowan, Willie J.        | Warrick, Ind.    |
| Lindstrum, Hilda        | Madison, Ind.     | McPheters, Anna B.        | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Lightle, Beulah M.      | Parke, Ind.       | McCoy, Blanche            | Orange, Ind.     |
| Little, Alma            | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCoun, Alice             | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lilly, J. Mount         | Tipton, Ind.      | McGary, Ellen G.          | Jennings, Ind.   |
| Logston, Edna           | Hendricks, Ind.   | McKinzie, Ethel           | Warren, Ind.     |
| Lotich, Minnie          | Harrison, Ind.    | McKinzie, Gladys          | Warren, Ind.     |
| Love, Flossie           | Hendricks, Ind.   | McDonnold, Elizabeth Ione | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Love, Dwight            | Greene, Ind.      | McDonald, Carol           | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lofton, William         | Crawford, Ind.    | McPike, Harry             | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Lowery, E. P.           | Carroll, Ind.     | McCammack, Floris         | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Lowery, Mrs. May        | Carroll, Ind.     | McCammack, Oral V.        | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Long, Sherrill          | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCammack, Allen          | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Long, Gladys            | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCammack, Versal         | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Long, Edna              | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCammack, Nannie         | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Long, Harry D.          | Hendricks, Ind.   | McKeehan, Evan            | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Long, Solon             | Greene, Ind.      | McConnaha, W. E.          | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lowe, Golda M.          | Hamilton, Ind.    | McClain, Harriet          | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Lucas, Gilbert          | Knox, Ind.        | McCracken, Laura          | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Lundy, James E.         | Greene, Ind.      | McDaniel, Ruth            | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Luscomb, Elizabeth      | Hendricks, Ind.   | McCrary, Dolly            | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Lykurkis, Gost          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Meldrum, Paul             | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Marsh, J. B.            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Meek, Nellie              | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Mattox, Telva M.        | Moultrie, Ill.    | Mendive, Lawrence         | Mexico           |
| Maher, Raymond          | Lawrence, Ind.    | Meridith, Dorothy         | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Masten, May             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Means, Ethel              | Marion, Ind.     |
| Mahoney, G. S.          | Montgomery, Ind.  | Miller, Clarence          | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Matson, Mabel           | Monroe, Ind.      | Miller, Ray R.            | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Mater, Frank            | Parke, Ind.       | Miller, Minnie            | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Manuel, Dewey           | Decatur, Ind.     | Miller, Hugh              | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Manu, Luther            | Warren, Ind.      | Miller, Harley E.         | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Marlin, Mary N.         | Bartholomew, Ind. | Miller, Chester A.        | Morgan, Ind.     |
| Marlette, Faye          | Hendricks, Ind.   | Miller, Caroline          | Fountain, Ind.   |
| Martin, Pauline         | Boone, Ind.       | Mitchell, Edith           | Benton, Ind.     |
| Martin, Mary E.         | Decatur, Ind.     | Mitchell, Ruth            | Owen, Ind.       |



|                          |                   |                         |                   |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Mitchell, Alta           | Putnam, Ind.      | Owens, Iva              | Boone, Ind.       |
| Mitchell, Verna E.       | Perry, Ind.       | Owens, Paul             | Boone, Ind.       |
| Mitchell, Forest         | Madison, Ind.     | Owens, Grace            | Boone, Ind.       |
| Mitchell, Alice          | Washington, Ind.  | Owen, Ruth              | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Mitchell, Margaret Marie | Hendricks, Ind.   | Pattison, A. M.         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Milhon, Emory            | Hendricks, Ind.   | Patterson, Gladys       | Parke, Ind.       |
| Milhon, Neoma            | Morgan, Ind.      | Patten, Elmer           | Morgan, Ind.      |
| Mitzenberg, Francis      | Clinton, Ind.     | Patten, Anice           | Morgan, Ind.      |
| Milan, Mary              | Marion, Ind.      | Parrett, Gula           | Montgomery, Ind.  |
| Mosier, Ruth             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Parks, Barbara          | White, Ind.       |
| Morrison, Alma           | Montgomery, Ind.  | Paetzel, Joanna K.      | Bartholomew, Ind. |
| Monroe, Farres           | Shelby, Ind.      | Petty, Edna             | Parke, Ind.       |
| Mottern, L. R.           | Putnam, Ind.      | Pence, Ruby             | Parke, Ind.       |
| Mode, George             | Crawford, Ind.    | Pence, Lola             | Parke, Ind.       |
| Moncrief, Earl W.        | Decatur, Ind.     | Pekinpaugh, Emma        | Perry, Ind.       |
| Morphew, Edith           | Hendricks, Ind.   | Perry, O. L.            | Spencer, Ind.     |
| Monday, Floy L.          | Marion, Ind.      | Perry, Naurice          | Johnson, Ind.     |
| Moore, Georgia R.        | Shelby, Ind.      | Peacock, Hazel          | Scott, Ind.       |
| Moore, B. Marie          | Shelby, Ind.      | Peyton, R. Max          | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Moore, Martha            | Hamilton, Ind.    | Pennington, Ova         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Moore, O. F.             | Brown, Ind.       | Pendleton, Myrtle Irene | Clark, Ill.       |
| Moore, Leona             | Brown, Ind.       | Pfeiffer, Delbert       | Jennings, Ind.    |
| Moore, Marion C.         | Hendricks, Ind.   | Phillips, Delia         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Moore, Ethel             | Daviess, Ind.     | Pierson, Sara A.        | Parke, Ind.       |
| Moore, Grace Lee         | Orange, Ind.      | Pierson, F. M.          | Parke, Ind.       |
| Moore, Edgar             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Pickett, Minor          | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Murray, C. W.            | Clay, Ind.        | Plunkett, Freeman       | Jasper, Ill.      |
| Murdoch, Earl            | Daviess, Ind.     | Plummer, Dallas         | Clinton, Ind.     |
| Murphy, Mallie V.        | Jefferson, Ind.   | Plowman, R. A.          | Newton, Ind.      |
| Mullen, June             | Boone, Ind.       | Powell, Della           | Hamilton, Ind.    |
| Mulvihill, Hazel         | Fountain, Ind.    | Powell, Jessie          | Pike, Ind.        |
| Myers, Walter L.         | Warren, Ind.      | Poulter, Virginia       | Johnson, Ind.     |
| Myers, Ethel             | Decatur, Ind.     | Poer, Bernice           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Newton, Ed               | Crawford, Ind.    | Posey, Elmer            | Warrick, Ind.     |
| Neff, Jessie             | Cass, Ind.        | Polen, O. R.            | Crawford, Ind.    |
| Neidigh, Claude          | Brown, Ind.       | Powers, Ben             | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Newbold, Dale L.         | Clinton, Ind.     | Poindexter, Lloyd E.    | Martin, Ind.      |
| Nelson, Ruth             | Switzerland, Ind. | Pommerehn, Nannie       | Jefferson, Ind.   |
| Nelson, J. C.            | Switzerland, Ind. | Price, L. C.            | Martin, Ind.      |
| Niswander, Laura C.      | Hendricks, Ind.   | Protsman, Eunice        | Switzerland, Ind. |
| Nichols, Ellen           | Randolph, Ind.    | Prentice, Ellice        | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Nichols, Olive           | Washington, Ind.  | Pyke, Donald A.         | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Nicholson, Guy           | Warrick, Ind.     | Qualkinbush, Wallard    | Martin, Ind.      |
| Nicholson, August        | Dubois, Ind.      | Raikes, Anna            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Norman, Vivian           | Morgan, Ind.      | Raymond, Warren         | Clark, Ind.       |
| Noland, Alma             | Marion, Ind.      | Radmacher, Thomas F.    | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Nordby, Olaf             | Sheridan, Mont.   | Ratliff, Lelia          | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Northway, Robert         | Clay, Ind.        | Ramsey, Herman          | Morgan, Ind.      |
| Noe, Ray                 | Jackson, Ind.     | Ragsdale, Ira V.        | Boone, Ind.       |
| Orr, Frances             | Hendricks, Ind.   | Redden, Baxter          | Harrison, Ind.    |
| O'Neal, Orville          | Putnam, Ind.      | Read, Murnal            | Brown, Ind.       |
| O'Niel, Opal             | Lawrence, Ind.    | Reed, Eva               | Bartholomew, Ind. |
| Overpeck, George H.      | Parke, Ind.       | Reed, John              | Daviess, Ind.     |
| Overpeck, Stella         | Parke, Ind.       | Reed, Jessie G.         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Overpeck, Agnes          | Parke, Ind.       | Reed, Millie F.         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Overman, Grace           | Hendricks, Ind.   | Reed, Lester A.         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Owens, Ernest E.         | Boone, Ind.       | Reeder, Bert            | Douglas, Ill.     |
| Owens, Harvey W.         | Jennings, Ind.    | Redicker, Pauline       | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Owens, Blanche           | Boone, Ind.       | Reynolds, Lydia         | Jefferson, Ind.   |
| Owens, Lee               | Putnam, Ind.      | Rhoads, Opal            | Montgomery, Ind.  |
| Owens, Roy               | Lawrence, Ind.    | Richmond, Lelah         | Ohio, Ind.        |
| Owens, Beatrice          | Lawrence, Ind.    | Richards, Leo P.        | Brown, Ind.       |

|                         |                   |                                 |                   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Routh, Paul N. ....     | Boone, Ind.       | Smith, Mayme .....              | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Roush, Jessie .....     | Brown, Ind.       | Smith, Lawrence .....           | Washington, Ind.  |
| Rowe, Inez M. ....      | Jay, Ind.         | Smith, Herbert .....            | Owen, Ind.        |
| Rodman, Susie .....     | Washington, Ind.  | Smith, Mrs. Kate Hargrave ..... | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Roach, Ben R. ....      | Martin, Ind.      | Smiley, Forest .....            | Montgomery, Ind.  |
| Rohm, Homer .....       | Parke, Ind.       | Smiley, Paul G. ....            | Daviess, Ind.     |
| Robinson, Claude .....  | Warrick, Ind.     | Somerville, Marguerite .....    | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Robinson, Clyde .....   | Decatur, Ind.     | Somsel, Lester .....            | Cass, Ind.        |
| Robinson, Jesse .....   | Clinton, Ind.     | Sowers, Bertha .....            | Montgomery, Ind.  |
| Robertson, Claude ..... | Brown, Ind.       | Soper, Lelah .....              | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Robertson, Allie .....  | Jackson, Ind.     | Spall, Arnie M. ....            | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Rogers, William E. .... | Jefferson, Ind.   | Spradley, Nari C. ....          | Warrick, Ind.     |
| Rogers, Jeannette ..... | Hendricks, Ind.   | Spann, Cecile B. ....           | Jefferson, Ind.   |
| Roberts, Olive .....    | Washington, Ind.  | Spoonmore, Elmer .....          | Lawrence, Ind.    |
| Ross, Emma .....        | Putnam, Ind.      | Spurgeon, Bee .....             | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Ross, Elmer .....       | Jackson, Ind.     | Strange, Pauline .....          | Boone, Ind.       |
| Rucker, Nona .....      | Jackson, Ind.     | Steele, William .....           | Shelby, Ind.      |
| Rund, Lee Otis .....    | Brown, Ind.       | Stuart, Leona E. ....           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Russell, Bonnie .....   | Parke, Ind.       | Stoneman, Hovey B. ....         | Randolph, Ind.    |
| Rust, G. S. ....        | Warrick, Ind.     | Stringer, Cecil C. ....         | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Rust, Madge H. ....     | Spencer, Ind.     | Stout, Malvin L. ....           | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Russ, John, Jr. ....    | Pike, Ind.        | Stucker, Christine .....        | Scott, Ind.       |
| Russ, Martha .....      | Pike, Ind.        | Stitt, Gertrude .....           | Warrick, Ind.     |
| Ryker, Alliene .....    | Jefferson, Ind.   | Stevenson, B. C. ....           | Lawrence, Ind.    |
| Rypma, Alaska .....     | Johnson, Ind.     | Stuckey, W. T. ....             | Knox, Ind.        |
| Reyman, Gladys .....    | Washington, Ind.  | Stringer, Ivors .....           | Putnam, Ind.      |
| Sallust, Karroll .....  | Hendricks, Ind.   | Stiefel, Celia H. ....          | Washington, Ind.  |
| Sanford, W. S. ....     | Sullivan, Ind.    | Strassell, Helena K. ....       | Spencer, Ind.     |
| Sanderson, Flora .....  | Carroll, Ind.     | Strickler, Mary E. ....         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Sanders, Arba .....     | Parke, Ind.       | Stoker, Alliene .....           | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Scudder, Horace .....   | Switzerland, Ind. | Straun, Roxie .....             | Clinton, Ind.     |
| Scudder, Eugene D. .... | Switzerland, Ind. | Stickles, Sherman .....         | Daviess, Ind.     |
| Scudder, Fred V. ....   | Switzerland, Ind. | Stevens, Walter .....           | Harrison, Ind.    |
| Scott, Carrie L. ....   | Shelby, Ind.      | Stevens, Anna .....             | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Scott, Frank .....      | Carroll, Ind.     | Stoneburner, Guy .....          | Clay, Ind.        |
| Schrougham, Harry ..... | Brown, Ind.       | Stott, Paul .....               | Decatur, Ind.     |
| Schrumpf, Julius .....  | Ohio, Ind.        | Sullivan, Laurel .....          | Boone, Ind.       |
| Sexton, C. C. ....      | Clay, Ind.        | Sutton, Tillie .....            | Jennings, Ind.    |
| Sears, Emmett .....     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Surber, Lucy .....              | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Secrest, Clara .....    | Morgan, Ind.      | Swab, Vera .....                | Tipton, Ind.      |
| Seitz, Warren .....     | Brown, Ind.       | Swindler, Orpha .....           | Boone, Ind.       |
| Sheaffer, Earl .....    | Shelby, Ind.      | Swindler, Cora .....            | Boone, Ind.       |
| Shanklin, Charles ..... | Greene, Ind.      | Swindler, Lona .....            | Boone, Ind.       |
| Short, Marcia .....     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Symons, La Rue .....            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Sherrill, Evan M. ....  | Harrison, Ind.    | Symmonds, John .....            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Shewmaker, John P. .... | Harrison, Ind.    | Tash, Frankie .....             | Washington, Ind.  |
| Shoemaker, Buren .....  | Boone, Ind.       | Tash, Abra .....                | Washington, Ind.  |
| Simpson, G. R. ....     | Spencer, Ind.     | Tadlock, O. D. ....             | Crawford, Ind.    |
| Sisson, Marion .....    | Hancock, Ind.     | Talbott, Grace .....            | Spencer, Ind.     |
| Simmons, Dennis B. .... | Dubois, Ind.      | Talbert, Constance .....        | Warren, Ind.      |
| Simmons, Anna .....     | Hendricks, Ind.   | Tabor, J. Morton .....          | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Sims, Ruth .....        | Hendricks, Ind.   | Taylor, Mae .....               | Clinton, Ind.     |
| Sinnett, Ruth .....     | Henry, Ind.       | Tansel, Vivian .....            | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Skelton, Lula .....     | Spencer, Ind.     | Tardy, Isabella E. ....         | Switzerland, Ind. |
| Skelton, Love .....     | Parke, Ind.       | Tanner, Grace .....             | Jackson, Ind.     |
| Slack, Earl .....       | Richland, Ill.    | Teaford, Opal L. ....           | Orange, Ind.      |
| Slusser, Harry .....    | Clark, Ill.       | Teaford, John L. ....           | Orange, Ind.      |
| Small, David .....      | Knox, Ind.        | Tevis, Erma .....               | Rush, Ind.        |
| Smith, Bertha .....     | Cass, Ind.        | Thornburg, Winona .....         | Henry, Ind.       |
| Smith, Lenna .....      | Washington, Ind.  | Thurston, Ruby M. ....          | Decatur, Ind.     |
| Smith, Beatrice .....   | Warrick, Ind.     | Thompson, Bernice .....         | Hendricks, Ind.   |
| Smith, Brian .....      | Boone, Ind.       | Thompson, Ruth .....            | Dubois, Ind.      |

|                          |       |                   |                         |       |                  |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------|------------------|
| Thompson, Doris          | ----- | Montgomery, Ind.  | Wear, Olive G.          | ----- | Marion, Ind.     |
| Thompson, Will           | ----- | Shelby, Ind.      | Webb, Hubert            | ----- | Lawrence, Ind.   |
| Thompson, Glen           | ----- | Clinton, Ind.     | Weesner, Mary           | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Thomas, Myrel            | ----- | Parke, Ind.       | Weaver, Sophia          | ----- | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Thayer, Hattie A.        | ----- | Bartholomew, Ind. | Weaver, Thomas J.       | ----- | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Thyng, Mabel             | ----- | Warrick, Ind.     | West, Merle             | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Tinder, Fredia           | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Weller, Don             | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Tout, Pearl              | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wells, Wilma R.         | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Torstenson, Engebret     | ----- | Sheridan, Mont.   | Wheeler, Mrs. Forest    | ----- | Perry, Ind.      |
| Trueblood, Leland Edward | ----- | Monroe, Ind.      | Wheeler, Forest         | ----- | Perry, Ind.      |
| Trotter, Hester          | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wheeler, Floyd A.       | ----- | Perry, Ind.      |
| Trinkle, Clyde           | ----- | Washington, Ind.  | Wheeler, Tom            | ----- | Hamilton, Ind.   |
| Truax, Victoria          | ----- | Morgan, Ind.      | Whitehead, Maurine      | ----- | Perry, Ind.      |
| Trusedell, Frank         | ----- | Putnam, Ind.      | Whitehead, Ralph E.     | ----- | Perry, Ind.      |
| Trobaugh, Charles        | ----- | Harrison, Ind.    | White, Russell H.       | ----- | Shelby, Ind.     |
| Trittschuh, Carrie       | ----- | Tipton, Ind.      | Whisler, Lillian Malo   | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Turney, Ruth             | ----- | Shelby, Ill.      | Whitaker, Bessie        | ----- | Monroe, Ind.     |
| Turner, A. R.            | ----- | Decatur, Ind.     | Wineinger, Maude        | ----- | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Ulrey, Lillie            | ----- | Hancock, Ind.     | Wineinger, Herman       | ----- | Dubois, Ind.     |
| Updike, Charles C.       | ----- | Decatur, Ind.     | Williams, Ruby          | ----- | Owen, Ind.       |
| Utter, Thomas            | ----- | Decatur, Ind.     | Williams, Opal          | ----- | Montgomery, Ind. |
| Vawter, R. F.            | ----- | Jefferson, Ind.   | Williams, Essie Lee     | ----- | Spencer, Ind.    |
| Vawter, Hazel            | ----- | Jennings, Ind.    | Withers, Essie          | ----- | Sullivan, Ind.   |
| Vaughan, Mrs. Lola D.    | ----- | Putnam, Ind.      | Wilkerson, Iva          | ----- | Jennings, Ind.   |
| Vaughan, Noble H. G.     | ----- | Putnam, Ind.      | Wiggs, Bernice          | ----- | Warrick, Ind.    |
| Van Voorhees, Clara      | ----- | Cook, Ill.        | Wilborn, Ella           | ----- | Clark, Ind.      |
| Van Voorhees, Harry      | ----- | Cook, Ill.        | Winternheimer, Louis C. | ----- | Vanderburg, Ind. |
| Vanwinkle, George        | ----- | Crawford, Ill.    | Winsted, Donald         | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Wall, Hazel              | ----- | Montgomery, Ind.  | Winsted, Herschel       | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Walls, Charles K.        | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wilson, Carl E.         | ----- | Washington, Ind. |
| Wagner, Louise           | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wilson, Clyde L.        | ----- | Jennings, Ind.   |
| Walsh, Vina              | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wilson, Viva            | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Wayne, Paul              | ----- | Harrison, Ind.    | Wilson, Louise          | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Wayne, Mary              | ----- | Harrison, Ind.    | Wood, Waldo             | ----- | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Wayne, Guy               | ----- | Harrison, Ind.    | Wood, Joe H.            | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Wadsworth, Aletha        | ----- | Marion, Ind.      | Wood, Desta             | ----- | Clinton, Ind.    |
| Warne, Kelsie R.         | ----- | Tipton, Ind.      | Wood, Eldo              | ----- | Warrick, Ind.    |
| Watts, Hallie            | ----- | Putnam, Ind.      | Wood, Hazel             | ----- | Hancock, Ind.    |
| Watts, Bertha            | ----- | Jefferson, Ind.   | Woods, Huston           | ----- | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Warmoth, Grace           | ----- | Morgan, Ind.      | Wright, India G.        | ----- | Hancock, Ind.    |
| Wade, Ruth               | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Wright, Earl            | ----- | Harrison, Ind.   |
| Wade, Lavilla            | ----- | Posey, Ind.       | Wright, Olyn L.         | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Walker, R. L.            | ----- | Brown, Ind.       | Wright, Mell            | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.  |
| Walker, Wiley A.         | ----- | Clinton, Ind.     | Wright, Cloyd           | ----- | Shelby, Ill.     |
| Walker, Mabel            | ----- | Brown, Ind.       | Wysong, Paul            | ----- | Putnam, Ind.     |
| Ward, William B.         | ----- | Rush, Ind.        | Young, Elsie            | ----- | Warrick, Ind.    |
| Ward, Cannie             | ----- | Rush, Ind.        | Zimmerman, Ernest L.    | ----- | Daviess, Ind.    |
| Warren, Ray              | ----- | Hendricks, Ind.   | Zimmerman, Mrs. E. L.   | ----- | Daviess, Ind.    |
| Watson, Ralph            | ----- | Lawrence, Ind.    |                         |       |                  |

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UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS







# TOTAL ATTENDANCE BY STATES AND COUNTIES

1876 TO 1915

N. B.—A large number of those enrolling from Hendricks County, Indiana, were from families that moved from other counties and other states for the sole purpose of patronizing the College.

## INDIANA COUNTIES

|             |      |             |      |
|-------------|------|-------------|------|
| Adams       | 20   | Lawrence    | 666  |
| Allen       | 34   | Madison     | 307  |
| Benton      | 267  | Marion      | 694  |
| Bartholomew | 472  | Marshall    | 11   |
| Blackford   | 55   | Martin      | 331  |
| Boone       | 807  | Miami       | 77   |
| Brown       | 401  | Monroe      | 363  |
| Carroll     | 265  | Montgomery  | 675  |
| Cass        | 155  | Morgan      | 571  |
| Clark       | 261  | Newton      | 127  |
| Clay        | 494  | Noble       | 21   |
| Clinton     | 564  | Ohio        | 92   |
| Crawford    | 383  | Orange      | 370  |
| Daviess     | 539  | Owen        | 217  |
| Dearborn    | 273  | Parke       | 685  |
| Decatur     | 392  | Perry       | 463  |
| DeKalb      | 17   | Pike        | 102  |
| Delaware    | 258  | Porter      | 1    |
| Dubois      | 166  | Posey       | 129  |
| Elkhart     | 49   | Pulaski     | 72   |
| Fayette     | 187  | Putnam      | 1005 |
| Floyd       | 93   | Randolph    | 421  |
| Fountain    | 258  | Ripley      | 137  |
| Franklin    | 109  | Rush        | 485  |
| Fulton      | 43   | Scott       | 138  |
| Gibson      | 222  | Shelby      | 968  |
| Grant       | 122  | Spencer     | 382  |
| Greene      | 298  | Starke      | 11   |
| Hamilton    | 390  | St. Joseph  | 39   |
| Hancock     | 612  | Steuben     | 1    |
| Harrison    | 476  | Sullivan    | 439  |
| Hendricks   | 4821 | Switzerland | 178  |
| Henry       | 266  | Tippecanoe  | 261  |
| Howard      | 213  | Tipton      | 391  |
| Huntington  | 157  | Union       | 103  |
| Jackson     | 579  | Vanderburg  | 85   |
| Jasper      | 139  | Vermillion  | 107  |
| Jay         | 59   | Vigo        | 124  |
| Jefferson   | 363  | Wabash      | 49   |
| Jennings    | 277  | Warren      | 193  |
| Johnson     | 351  | Warrick     | 340  |
| Knox        | 203  | Washington  | 537  |
| Kosciusko   | 9    | Wayne       | 128  |
| Lagrange    | 18   | Wells       | 110  |
| Lake        | 1    | White       | 69   |
| Laporte     | 20   | Whitley     | 39   |

## A FEW STATES

|          |        |          |     |
|----------|--------|----------|-----|
| Indiana  | 28,030 | Ohio     | 867 |
| Illinois | 3,778  | Kentucky | 889 |

## SOME COUNTIES OF ILLINOIS

|            |     |            |     |
|------------|-----|------------|-----|
| Champaign  | 143 | Effingham  | 73  |
| Coles      | 194 | Lawrence   | 272 |
| Clark      | 159 | Macoupin   | 60  |
| Crawford   | 388 | Montgomery | 176 |
| Christian  | 96  | Shelby     | 80  |
| Cumberland | 77  | Wabash     | 164 |
| Douglas    | 190 | Wayne      | 64  |
| Edgar      | 333 | White      | 39  |
| Edwards    | 28  |            |     |

Sixty-two Indiana counties represented school year of 1914-1915



## THE SPRING MID-TERM OPENS APRIL 11, 1916

This opening enables teachers to enter college soon after the close of their schools and secure eighteen weeks' work. Especial attention is given to the needs of teachers and those preparing to teach. Every desired class will be organized. Students can enter earlier and later than the above date, and in most cases at no disadvantage. Write for further particulars.

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## THE SUMMER TERM

**A Regular Feature**—The Summer Term is a part of our school year and is not organized anew for each summer, as is the case in most colleges. Our regular faculty is in attendance. We have maintained a Summer Term for thirty-eight years and the experience has been worth much to us. We do not believe it boasting to say that we know better how to arrange and conduct short courses of study than schools that have had but a few years' experience.

**Healthfulness**—Summer is the best time to attend college. We have less sickness during this term than any other. You do not need to loaf all your vacation. Come to college and prepare for higher grade license or different line of work. Danville is the best college town in the country. You will enjoy a summer here.

**Accommodations**—You will be given a room in a private home. You will not be kept at the college except during hours of recitation.

**Special Advantages**—The regular faculty is in attendance. Perfect liberty in selecting studies. Library and Reading Room. You can enter at any time during the term. University students can bring up their back work. Our grades are accepted by the universities. You can review any of the common or higher branches.

**The Classes**—There will be classes in all the Common Branches, High School Branches, German, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Type-writing, Law, Vocal Music, Drawing, Natural Sciences, Astronomy, Model School, Pedagogy, etc., about one hundred in all.

**Take Note**—The Schools of Law, Music and Business are in session.

**Write to Us**, stating your especial needs. We will promptly tell you whether or not we can meet your wants.